The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 251.

DAILY GAZETTE.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—Basley & Orton, hardware dealers of Bay City, Mich., have failed.

—The statue of Stonewall Jackson will be unveiled in Richmond, Va., to-morrow.

—Hon. David P. Noyles, of Burlington, Vt., died on Sunday evening, aged eighty-six.

—A horse thief was found hung to a limb in Pope county, Ark., a few days since.

—It is announced that the French Assembly will convene on Thursday, the 4th of November.

—Signor Blanc, the Italian Minister to Washington, sailed from Liverpool for New York on Saturday.

—The Northwestern Gas and Water Pipe Company of Bay City, Mich., has failed. The liabilities are $130,000.

—Col. J. B. Cockerill, ex-member of Congress from Ohio, died on Saturday morning at his residence in West Union.

—At Valparaiso, Indiana, a fire on Sunday morning burned several buildings. The loss is about $12,000; insurance $7,500

—A Helena (Ark.) dispatch says Tom Daily, a carpenter, was stabbed and killed in a saloon last Friday night by Tom Hovey, who is in jail to answer.

—On Friday night Mr. and Mrs. Murray, married only a few weeks, were burned to death during a fire in the house of Susan Bradley at Cheshire, Conn.

—After three days' argument in the Superior District Court at New Orleans of the case of the "Two Orphans," it was transferred to the United States Court.

—Brown, the colored sheriff of Coahoma county, Mississippi, who has been in Helena, Ark., since the Friar's Point troubles, has returned home, and will offer a new bond.

—Luther Martin, a prominent real estate broker of Indianapolis and Chicago, was thrown from his buggy while out riding last Saturday evening and died from his injuries.

—Geo. B. McGehle, a plasterer, of Louisville, while suffering from epilepsy, fell from a fourth story window on Saturday, and was instantly killed, his neck being broken.

—The funeral obsequies of General Geo. E. Pickett took place at Richmond, Va., on Sunday. Not less than 40,000 people witnessed the procession, and there were about 5,000 in line.

—The Alexandria (Va) committee investigating the Montpelier lottery report that a daring fraud has been practiced on ticket holders, but cannot discover the responsible guilty parties.

—Comptroller Hays, of Chicago, has remitted to the American Exchange National Bank at New York one million dollars to pay the Chicago certificates of indebtedness on November 1st.

—The gamblers of Louisville have been indicted, and probably will be completely routed, as the law and community are stirred up against them by exposures made in the *Courier Journal*.

—The American Plow Company of Boston is temporarily embarrassed. The liabilities are $218,247; assets $542,891. The creditors think a reasonable extension would enable the company to pay in full and go on.

—A number of sportsmen and five kennels of hunting dogs from Canada and the East have arrived at Memphis, to attend the annual meeting of the Tennessee Sportmen's Association, which begins to-day.

—During a drunken row at Indianapolis on Sunday evening, Thomas Mullen, aged twenty, was stabbed in the thigh by William Howard, and died in five minutes from the loss of blood from a severed artery.

—McDonald & Co., of Wooster, Ohio, manufacturers of agricultural implements, have made an assignment. The liabilities are stated to be $500,000. Their failure throws two hundred men out of employment.

—At Franklin, Tenn., on Saturday, Judge McLemore decided against the verdict of the Grand Jury in the cases of Griffin and Allison for the killing of Colonel House, and admitted them to bail in the sum of $12,000 each, which they gave.

—Francois Fort, a fugitive from justice from New Orleans, was killed on Friday near Raceland, La., by a deputy sheriff in attempting to escape after being arrested. Fort was charged with outraging a little girl five years old in July last.

—It appears that Dr. Sherman and Samuel Parker, who very suddenly fell dead on the street in Beview, Mo., a few days ago, died from drinking a mixture of prussic acid and whisky by mistake, they thinking it to be plain whisky.

—A four year old daughter of Michael Mooney, of New Albany, Ind., leaped from the arms of her mother on Sunday afternoon, while near the railroad track, and was crushed to death by a passing train before the parent could rescue it.

—At a meeting of the Memphis Chamber of Commerce, on Saturday, six delegates were appointed to attend the St. Louis International Railroad Convention. A committee of seven was also appointed to prepare an address to all interested in the completion of the Texas Pacific.

—The West Virginia Press Association which arrived in St. Louis on Saturday, left the same night for Kansas City, *en route* for Los Animos, the Western terminus of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, where they will have a buffalo hunt and then go to Denver.

—At the Waco (Texas) fair, on Saturday, R. A. Ford rode sixty miles in two hours and forty-nine minutes, the fast time on record by five minutes, after dismounting forty-eight horses. He rode the last mile in two minutes and seven seconds. He rode common Texas horses.

—The Supreme Court of Iowa has decided that the Kansas City and St. Joseph Railroad have a right to run their cars into Omaha, which they have been doing for two years, thus setting aside the injunction sued out by the Council Bluffs people to prevent their doing so.

—The failure of Robert Tilton, woolen manufacturer and proprietor of the Spring Mills at Cavendish, Vermont, is announced, occasioning no little excitement in the wool trade in Boston. The indebtedness is quite large, the result mainly of purchases of wool. The liabilities are about $140,000.

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—A fire in Freeport, Ills., last Thursday night, destroyed the fine building occupied by the Freeport Watch Factory. This establishment has been in operation six months and several hundred were in process of completion. The loss on building and property is $150,000. The fire was undoubtedly incendiary.

—A dispatch from Owensboro, Ky., says Prof. Atchinson, the aeronant, was seriously injured at that place. He attempted an ascension at the Calhoun fair to please the spectators, but by the burning of the balloon, when several hundred feet high, he was precipitated to the earth and badly hurt. His recovery is doubtful.

—Col. Thos. McKessock, late General Superintendent of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railroad, and one of the oldest railroad men in Missouri, has been appointed General Superintendent of the St. Louis, Kansas City & Northern Railroad, in place of Col. W. E. Arthur, who recently resigned that position.

—A dispatch announces the death of Hon. S. M. Fite, Representative of the Fourth Congressional district of Tennessee in the Forty-fourth Congress, at Hot Springs, Ark., on Saturday. John W. Head was elected in August, 1874, and died a few weeks afterward. Fite was elected to fill the vacancy the following December. Neither occupied the seat to which he was elected.

—A desperate row occurred at the crossing of the Cincinnati Southern Railway, near Harrodsburg, Ky., among a number of Irish laborers. They had been indulging pretty freely in "old rifle shot" on money paid them the night before, and on Friday night they engaged in a row in which knives were substituted for shillalas. Pistols were also used, and the shooting resulted in the wounding of four of the participants. One was seriously injured. The men caroused all night, regardless of wounds.

Drowned in the Schuylkill.

PHILADELPHIA, October 24.—This afternoon a carriage was precipitated into the Schuylkill river opposite Manayunk. The vehicle contained five persons, three of whom—Henry Getter, his mother and child—were drowned. James Miller and wife were rescued.

FIRST EDITION.

NEW YORK.

Another Batch of Failures Among Business Men.

Moody and Sankey Revival in Brooklyn.

Immense Crowds Anxious to Attend.

NEW YORK, October 23, 1875.

Political Quarrel.

Thomas A. Ferris was probably fatally shot last night by Edward Haggerty, in front of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, during a quarrel growing out of the contest for the State Senate between John Morrissey and John Fox. Ferris and Haggerty are well known local politicians.

Business Failures.

Among the failures yesterday outside of stock speculators was that of Joachim Davis, a lumber merchant on West street. Warren & Wyman, dealers in books, have also supended. E. Butterick & Co., fashion dealers, who supended a few days ago, have made arrangements with their creditors to continue business. They have suspended the publication of their magazine. Harvey M. Soule, George H. Soule and Daniel E. Soule, who have made an insolvent assignment to Daniel M. Porter, state their liabilities at $63,212 and their real estate at $10,200. The failure of Hoffman & Co., dry goods dealers on Broadway, was announced yesterday. Their liabilities are set down at $200,000; their assets are not yet known. The Stock Exchange failures are those of Cumberland G. White, Charles H. Ward, E. S. Faller and Howard Irwin. Minor operators who got on the bear side of a bull market were squeezed.

M. Hoffman & Co., dry goods merchants on Broadway, deny that they have suspended, as reported in the morning papers. They expect to survive their difficulties.

Jacob Feldman, shirt manufacturer on Walker street, has stopped payment.

Registration.

The registration for the election on November 2d, closed to-day with an aggregate of 144,934 voters, against 146,218 last year.

NEW YORK, October 24, 1875.

Moody and Sankey Revival.

The first of the Moody and Sankey revival services was held at the Brooklyn Rink this morning, commencing at 8:30 and terminating at 10. Fully five thousand persons were waiting for the doors to open, and when the services commenced the building was filled throughout. Moody, taking his place on the rostrum at the edge of a large platform, containing a choir of 250, opened the service by announcing the hymn commencing

"Rejoice and be glad, the Redeemer has come," which was given with imposing effect by the chorus and congregation. Rev. Dr. Buddington then prayed at considerable length, and with fervor that deeply moved the people. He prayed that as the tribes of Israel were now assembled before the Lord He would signalize His acceptance of their homage, and desired to glorify Him, and that the power of the Lord would rest upon this assemblage with grace in every heart for our country's sake, and for the world's sake. There were frequent moans and cries of "amen" during the prayer.

Sankey then called on the people to sing heartily hymn 27: "Lord I hear of showers of blessing." The singing, by nearly 10,000 voices, was magnificent. Sankey accompanied on the harmonicum. Moody next read from 13 Numbers the account of sending spies to the promised land and discouragement of the people at their report of the stature of the inhabitants. This was followed by Sankey singing alone "Hark, the voice of Jesus is crying, who will go to work to-day." His voice is very powerful and pleasing, and the accounts of his singing have not been exaggerated.

Moody then delivered a discourse on the texts read. He spoke in a conversational way, sometimes humorous, sometimes impassioned, and always rapidly. He insisted that God had His own time for revivals, that the only obstacle to them is unbelief within the Church. He compared unbelievers and doubters to terrified spies, and courageous believers to Caleb and Joshua, who relied upon the goodness and power of God. The time was come, he said, and if they only willed it they might go and take the promised land. Then, turning to Drs. Cuyler and Buddington, he asked if they were ready, and receiving a hearty answer in the affirmative, thanked God for Caleb and Joshua.

In conclusion he advised that all dissensions be abandoned and all Church bazaars and every one devote himself heartily to work.

Sankey then sang "Only an Armor Bearer," and the audience sang the chorus. It was then announced that every night of the week except Saturday there would be service at 7 o'clock in the Rink, and every morning prayer meeting at Talmadge's tabernacle.

Amongst those on the platform were Rev. Dr. Cuyler, Rev. Dr. Duryea, Rev. Dr. Prime, Rev. Dr. Buddington, Rev. E. J. Harnes, Rev. A. S. Hunt, and Geo. H. Stewart, the last named from Philadelphia. An afternoon service was held at the Rink at 4 o'clock. The building was packed with people, and at least 5,000 who had come were unable to gain admittance. Two churches in the immediate neighborhood had been thrown open, and Mr. Sankey visited both of them and sang. In the Rink there was, as in the morning, a large gathering of clergymen on the platform, among them Rev. Dr. Buddington, Rev. Mr. Stewart and Rev. DeWitt Talmadge. The services were opened by the singing by Mr. Sankey of the hymn "Ninety and Nine." Mr. Moody, then taking for his text from the 16th verse of I Paul to Corinthians, "I declare unto you the Gospel," delivered a very effective sermon, which moved several of the female portion of the assemblage to tears, and was listened to very attentively by all. The services ended by Dr. Inglass pronouncing the benediction.

The Duty on Sugar.

The special committee investigating matters connected with the shipment of sugars, yesterday received the following dispatch from the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a letter sent by them on Friday evening: "Restore the former rate of drawback on all sugar purchased at any time and shipped pending the investigation." The effect of this new order will be to cause the drawback payable to be $3.74 per hundred pounds on refined hard sugar, instead of $3.21 (in both cases less one per cent.), according to the recently promulgated order.

Personal.

Among the passengers by the steamer Celtic, from Liverpool, were Judge Stanley Mathews, of Cincinnati, Don Piatt, Hon. Lyman K. Bass, and Thos. B. Connery, of the New York *Herald*.

Accident to Seamen.

During a heavy gale on the 12th, three men were washed from the lookout bridge on the steamer Colombo, from Hull. One was killed and the others seriously injured.

A JOURNALIST'S FUNERAL.

Obsequies Over the Remains of Frederick Hudson at Concord, Mass. — Distinguished Persons Present.

CONCORD, Mass., October 24.—The funeral of Frederick Hudson took place today. The obsequies were held at the family mansion on Main street. There was a large attendance of those who had formerly been associated with Mr. Hudson professionally, and others who during his residence in Concord had come to admire him for his talents and honor him for his noble qualities. The New York *Herald*, of which journal Mr. Hudson was the first Managing Editor, was represented by eight members of its staff. Among the more distinguished persons were Hon. E. Rockwood Hoar, Ralph Waldo Emerson, N. P. Banks, A. Bronson Alcott, William Munroe, founder of the public library of Concord, Frank B. Sanborn, W. W. Wheilden and Hon. Geo. Brooks.

Marine News.

NEW YORK, October 23.—Arrived—The steamships Calaud from Rotterdam, Rhein, rom Bremen, Trafalgar, from the Mediterannean, and Columbia, from Hull, England.

LONDON, October 23.—The steamship Russia, from New York, has arrived out.

FARTHER POINT, October 23.—Arrived—The steamship Manitoban, from Glasgow.

NEW YORK, October 24.—Arrived—The steamers Celtic, from Liverpool and Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 24.—Arrived—The ship St. Charles, from New York. Sailed—The bark Burnside, for Philadelphia.

PLYMOUTH, October 24.—Arrived—The Hammonia, from New York.

QUEENSTOWN, October 24.—Arrived—The Illinois, from Philadelphia. Off Fastnet—the Britannic, from New York.

The Brigham Young Contempt Case.

SALT LAKE, October 23.—In accordance with an order issued last Monday by Judge Boreman, of the Third District Court, Brigham Young appeared in Court to-day by his attorneys to show cause, if any, why he should not be punished for contempt in not paying $9,500 as ordered by Judge McKean, as alimony *pendente lite* to Ann Eliza Young, the plaintiff in this case. The Court adjourned till next Wednesday morning, at which time Brigham Young is ordered to appear.

DEFRAUDING THE REVENUE.

A St. Louis Revenue Official Found Guilty of Collusion with "Crooked" Whisky Distillers.

ST. LOUIS, October 23.—In the United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri, the case of Col. John A. Joyce, which has been in progress several days, was concluded this afternoon, and the jury returned a verdict of guilty on all the four counts of the indictment. The first two counts charge Joyce with having knowledge or information of violation of the revenue law by Feinmen & Co., distillers of Kansas City, in not making entries in their books as required by law, and of emptying packages without canceling the stamps, and not reporting the same to his superior officers. The third count charges him with having knowledge that Sheehan & Son, distillers of St. Joseph, distilled spirits with the view to defraud the United States of the revenue tax. The fourth count charges him with conspiring and colluding with Edward Sheehan to defraud the Government. The penalties on each count of the indictment are imprisonment in the penitentiary not less than six months and not more than three years, and a fine of not less than one thousand nor more than five thousand dollars, and to be forever debarred from holding under the United States Government any office of power, trust or profit. A motion for a new trial was made by Joyce's counsel, which will be argued next week.

The motion for a new trial in the case of John L. Bittenger, who was convicted some days ago for making fraudulent vouchers as United States Ganger, will be argued on Wednesday next, and a like motion in the case of Adler & Turst on Saturday. Col. Joyce was placed in the custody of the United States Marshal after the jury rendered their verdict, but he has the freedom of the city.

Counterfeiters Arrested.

CHICAGO, October 23.—United States Detective P. D. Tyrrell arrived here to-night, having in custody Ben. Boyd and his wife, the noted counterfeiters, whom he captured last Thursday night, at Fulton, Ill. Mr. Tyrrell brings a large amount of counterfeiting apparatus, which was discovered at the time of the seizure, and $8,000 of bogus money, some of which is a dangerous counterfeit.

Incendiarism at Mahonoy Plane, Pa.

POTTSVILLE, PA., October 24.—An incendiary fire at Mahonoy Plane this morning destroyed Kirtin's drug store (in which were the postoffice and Western Union Telegraph office) with seven business houses adjoining. The mail matter and telegraph instruments were saved. The total loss is $30,000.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Unpublished Anecdotes About Him —His Love of Truth Illustrated —The Uncouth Lad's Love of Justice and Fair Play.

In another letter from William H. Herndon, Abraham Lincoln's old law partner, are some fresh reminiseences of the great war President, and also a letter of Mr. Lincoln's never before published. Some of the stories he tells about Lincoln are very interesting. Let me illustrate to you, he says, his love of truth. Thomas Lincoln, the father of Abraham, was twice married. His first wife was Nancy Hawks, the mother of Abraham. His second marriage was to a lady by the name of Johnston—a widow with three children. This second marriage was in 1810, when Abraham was ten years old; he had a step-sister, Matilda Johnston, nearly his own age. About the year 1825 these children had grown nearly to manhood and womanhood. Heretofore they had roamed in the wild woods together. But now Mrs. Lincoln forbade Matilda going with Abraham, when he went to chop wood, or maul rails, or rive boards. One morning Abraham took his axe and maul and went into the forest to maul rails. Tilda saw him start and was determined to follow. So after Lincoln had been gone some time she darted down the path, stealthily overtook him, sprang upon him, putting her knee in the small of his back, and clasping her arms around his neck, thus bestride him backwards and threw him to the ground. In the scuffle Tilda fell on the sharp edge of the axe, and cut her foot badly. After staunching the blood Abraham said to her: "What will you do, now?" "Why," said Tilda, "I'll tell my mother that I fell on the axe," and that will be the truth, won't it, Abe?" "Yes, that will be the truth, but it won't be the whole truth. 'Tilda, tell the whole truth about this and trust your mother's forgiveness," said Abraham. This little story needs no comment.

HIS LOVE OF JUSTICE AND FAIR PLAY.

Again, let me give you another incident illustrative of Mr. Lincoln's sense of love of justice. A gentleman named Chandler, now of Chandlerville, Cass county, Ill., moved from New York to this State in the year 1829; he entered, soon after his arrival, under the acts of Congress, eighty acres of land, and it was then the custom among the old settlers—a custom as strong as law—that each man had a right to enter as many as 120 acres adjoining his first entry and in addition thereto. About the year 1832 a kinsman of Chandler came to Illinois and stopped with him six months or more, free of charge. He was told by Chandler and others what was the custom among the people, and woe be to him who violated it! I have seen the old settlers armed to the teeth with rifle and knife to defend and enforce this custom. Woe to the speculator who violated the law! By this custom Mr. Chandler owned eighty acres adjoining his first entry; it was so rich, so fertile, lay so fairly to the sun and was so justly and evenly divided between tree and prairie, that his kinsman hired his claim upon it. So gathering up all he could borrow, in addition to what he had honestly made, he started for the land office in Springfield one morning by daybreak. Mr. Chandler, when informed by his neighbors of this plot against him, said it was impossible. He was told, however, convinced of the truth of their statement. So, catching his fleetest horse, he put spur for the land office, about thirty-five miles distant. His neighbors gave him the money to enter his eighty acres. He ran his horse as rapidly as possible for about twenty-five miles, and when within ten miles of Springfield, he overtook two young men—one a short, red-faced man, and the other a long, tall, uncouth-looking lad—both utter strangers to him. Chandler's horse was quite exhausted, and so was he. He halted for a few moments, and was asked by one of them why this hurry. Chandler told them the story, when the tall young man, who was riding a fleet horse, said: "Stranger, you take my mare, she is fresh and yours is worn out; put her under whip and spur, and she will take you to Springfield in one hour—won't she, Green?" "Yes, in a short sixty minutes," said Green. "Beat the scoundrel to the land office, by all means. We are all strangers, but your face looks right, and I'll risk the mare. We will all meet at Herndon's store, in Springfield, in two or three hours. Come, be off quickly," said the tall young man. Mr. Chandler and the stranger exchanged horses. The kinsman, supposing that Chandler was ignorant of his purpose, rode leisurely along, conversing with those he met, so that Chandler got ahead of him, and arriving in Springfield in the short sixty minutes, walked into the land office, threw his hundred gold dollars ringing on the table, and entered his eighty acres of land, much to his joy and subsequent profit. Well, who was this tall, uncouth young stranger? Who was he? It was one who loved justice and fair play, honor and truth—it was Abraham Lincoln.

Idiocy in the United States.

The number of idiots in the United States, according to the census of 1870, was 34,527, of whom 14,486 were males and 10,042 females; 3,188 were colored, and 1,645 foreign born. But the number and their proportion to the population cannot be ascertained with any satisfactory degree of accuracy. The census statistics are untrustworthy, both from the different standards adopted by enumerators, and from the difficulty of persuading parents, from whom the returns are usually obtained, that their children are idiots. Some of the worst cases in idiot asylums were brought there by their friends, not as idiots, but as being a little peculiar in their habits. The effort has been made in several States to obtain returns from physicians, clergymen, and town officers, but with very moderate success. So far as these returns go, however, they show a much greater prevalence of idiocy than has been commonly supposed; and it is now generally conceded by competent judges that the number of idiots is greater than that of the deaf and dumb or the blind, and as great as that of the insane, the proportion being not less than one in one thousand of the population. Assuming this ratio, the number of idiots in the United States would be more than 38,000.—*Appleton's American Cyclopedia, revised edition, article "Idiocy."*

FOURTEEN thousand persons are in the employ of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Company. The monthly pay-rolls amount to nearly $400,000.

SECOND EDITION

FROM WASHINGTON.

Conspirators and Treasury Robbers Arraigned.

Proposed Changes in the Redemption of National Bank Notes.

WASHINGTON, October 23, 1875.

The Cases of the Conspirators.

In the Criminal Court to-day the cases of Charles G. Fisher, B. F. Leighton, Wm. M. Evans and John Green, indicted for conspiracy to secure the release of Snyder, the burglar, were taken up. The counsel for the defendants having failed in their efforts to require the Government to elect on which of the three indictments they would ask the accused to plead, filed a plea on abatement, challenging the array of the Grand Jury which found the indictments on the ground of illegality. The argument was postponed until Monday a week.

The Treasury Robbers.

In the case of Outman, Halleck and Brown, charged with the robbery of $47,000 from the Treasury, and who were in Court, there was no definite action on the motion made by their counsel to require the Government to elect which indictment they would call.

Interest on District Bonds.

The District Commissioners to-day issued a warrant for the payment of the November interest (in gold) on the thirty year bonds of the late corporation of Washington, and interest will be paid without rebate on and after Monday next.

An Unprofitable Train.

The President of the Boston & Albany Railroad has notified the Postoffice Department that from the 1st of December next until spring he will withdraw the train from Boston which makes connection with the fast mail train west at Albany, on the ground that it does not pay.

WASHINGTON, October 24, 1875.

Gold and Silver Production.

Dr. Linderman, Director of the Mint, estimates the gold and silver production of the country next year at one hundred millions.

The National Banks.

It is understood that among the prominent features of the forthcoming report of the Treasurer of the United States, the following recommendations affecting the redemption of National bank notes will be made: First—that the National Bank Redemption Agency be made a separate bureau in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, under the charge of a superintendent, who shall give a bond for the faithful discharge of his duties; second—that the 5 per cent. redemption fund shall be kept in the Treasury, but subject to the checks of the superintendent, and that they be payable in currency or drafts on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis or other Sub-Treasury; third—that banks or others sending National bank notes for redemption be required to prepay the express charges to Washington, and that for all other expenses of this agency National banks be allowed to deduct from their next semi-annual return of tax upon circulation the amount of any assessment that may be made, as also in their next return the amount of assessment heretofore made.

National Bank Suspended.

The Charlottesville (Va.) National Bank having suspended, a Government agent will take charge of the bank for investigation.

LATEST FOREIGN ADVICES.

A Rumor that Bismarck Contemplates Resigning.

The Cabinet Troubles in Bavaria.

GERMANY.

Count von Arnim's Sentence.

LONDON, October 23.—A special from Berlin says it is reported that Count von Arnim's sentence will be commuted to a fine.

The Bavarian Ministry.

LONDON, October 25.—The *Times'* special telegram from Berlin announces that the King of Bavaria has ordered his letter expressing confidence in his Cabinet placarded throughout the kingdom.

Bismarck.

The *Morning Post's* telegram from Berlin says reports are again in circulation that Prince Bismarck contemplates resigning his office, in consequence of ill health.

SPAIN.

Republican Electoral Meetings Prohibited.

MADRID, October 24.—The Government has refused permission to the Republicans to hold electoral meetings.

Senor Marfori Arrested.

The *Diario Espagnal* says Senor Marfori, formerly Minister of Colonies, was arrested here on Saturday and sent to Cadiz, whence he is to be embarked for some foreign port.

TURKEY.

A False Report.

BELGRADE, October 24.—The report recently circulated that the Servian agent had withdrawn from Constantinople is false. The Government has no intention of recalling him.

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

Rifle Match at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 23.—At the rifle range to-day Gov. Pacheco opened the team match at 200 yards by making ten shots, a score of twenty-nine in a possible fifty. The Kellogg challenge cup was won at six hundred yards by a score of twenty in a possible twenty-five.

Race at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 23.—At the Bay District track to-day the four mile dash between the gelding Grinstead and Wild Idle was won by the latter in 7.23½.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, October 23.—The St. Louis club defeated the Mutuals to-day by a score of 6 to 2.

PHILADELPHIA, October 23.—Athletics, 9; Philadelphias, 6.

International Foot Ball Match.

MONTREAL, October 23.—The Harvard College boys won the international football match.

THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., Oct. 24, 1875.

Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidt.	Wind.	Weather
7 A. M.	29.849	47	85	Calm.	Fair.
2 P. M.	29.708	75	29	S. W.	Clear.
9 P. M.	29.784	60	49	S. W.	Clear.

Mean Barometer, 29.781.
Mean Thermometer, 60.
Highest Thermometer, 75.
Lowest Thermometer, 47.

L. A. WELSH,
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 25, 1875—1 A. M.

Probabilities for To-day.

For the lower lakes, the Middle and Eastern States, low or falling barometer, and southerly and northwest winds, with falling temperature, cloudy weather, and rain in the first named and partly cloudy and warm weather in the last two.

War Between a Bridge and Telegraph Company.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., October 23.—Some weeks since the A. & P. Telegraph Company applied to the United States Court to compel the St. Louis Bridge Company to permit the stringing of their wires along the bridge. The Court denied the application. Yesterday, in defiance of the decision of the Court, the A. & P. Telegraph Company attempted to string the wire along the bridge by force, but their work was stopped by the bridge authorities.

"Crooked" Liquors in Canada.

MONTREAL, October 24.—On information received from Collector Simpson, Francis P. Stewart has been arrested on a charge of having a large quantity of brandy, gin and wine from his bonded warehouse without paying the duty. Omer Allard, Locker and Archilli Vibond, customs officers, were also arrested on a charge of aiding and abetting the fraud. The prisoners were held in heavy bail.

Failures in Michigan.

DETROIT, MICH., October 23.—The Tawas Mill Company, of East Tawas, have made an assignment. Their liabilities are placed at $135,000, assets, $280,000.

Wickes Brothers, foundrymen and machinists have also assigned. Liabilities, $50,000; assets, $115,000.

Death of the Vineland Editor.

VINELAND, N. J., October 24.—Uri Carruth, shot by Landis on March 18th, died this morning. Attempts had been made to settle the case between them, and as high as $12,500 had been offered conditional on Carruth's leaving the State. Landis was surrendered by his bondsmen and taken to the Bridgetown jail.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHECKERED FRONT.

The House that Sells the Great

WHITE RIVER FLOUR,

The Best Flour

For the Money in the United States.

FULL AND COMPLETE LINE

GROCERIES.

POLITICAL.

☞ A REGULAR MEETING OF THE COUNTY REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE will be held at

Headquarters, No. 88 Diamond Street,

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 26th,

AT 3 P. M.

A full attendance is particularly requested as business of importance will be transacted.

RUSSELL ERRETT,
CHAIRMAN.

☞ ATTENTION, HARTRANFT CLUB.

HEADQUARTERS HARTRANFT CLUB, 1872, WILKINS HALL, October 25, 1875.

The members of the HARTRANFT MARCHING CLUB OF 1872 will meet at 7 o'clock, at WILKINS HALL, for review by the Governor.

All members are expected to be present in full uniform.

BY ORDER CHIEF MARSHAL.

☞ HARTRANFT AND RAWLE.

GRAND RALLY

OF REPUBLICANS

IN THE

ALLEGHENY DIAMOND,

THIS MONDAY EVENING.

The following distinguished gentlemen will be in attendance and address the meeting:

GOV. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
HON. LORENZO DANFORD, of Ohio,
HON. W. W. KETCHUM,
HON. EDWARD McPHERSON.

Let Republicans of Pittsburgh and Allegheny turn out and hear these eloquent speakers.

A Brass Band will be in attendance.

By order Committee on Meetings and Speakers.

CHAS. S. FETTERMAN, Secretary.

North Side Parade

Grand Torchlight Review and Procession,

IN HONOR OF

GOVERNOR HARTRANFT,

Monday Evening, October 25.

LIST OF OFFICERS, GENERAL ORDERS, ETC.

NICH'S VOEGHTLEY, Chief Marshal.
HARRY W. OLIVER, Jr., Chief of Staff.
W. D. BOIS, Adjutant General.

AIDS.

James Orr,
John Glenn,
Peter Walter, Jr.,
William P. Herbert,
William H. Graham,
R. B. Reno,
S. Walker,
W. C. Cooke,
J. D. Lloyd,
Peter Wilhelm,
James Onslaer,
H. C. Koerner,
S. Wood, Jr.,
George B. McNulty,
Al. Price,
John T. Brown,
Henry Herriman,
Henry Ley,
Stewart Charles,
John Fahrman,
James Brown,
Benjamin Pulpress,
S. A. Neale,
John Jenkins,
Paul J. Caperton,
John Magraw,
Hugh McNeil,
Robert Kyle,
John Brown,
Lewis Mattern,
H. McDonald,
Abraham Patterson,
Wm. Heagy,
Joseph Walton,
James Caughey,
Hugh Renwick,
N. Patterson,
Dr. Gilliford,
Frederick Thomas,
George Moul,
John Fisher,
Hermann Ochmler,
T. Schofield,
Frank Hopf,
William Eberhardt,
James Wilson,
John Williams,
O. H. Harrington,
David Davis, Sr.,
Charles Phillips,
Charles Stimple,
J. O. S. Golden,
George Day,
Charles Hartman,
Robert Wilson,
D. L. Crawford,
Thomas McKenna,
Andrew Johnson,
John Ross,
John Parkhill,
D. Ewer,
Joan Irwin,
Col. T. M. Bayne,
James Hunter,
High Fleming,
H. Nesbit,
H. H. Bryam,
Geo. P. Bellstein, Sr.,
Peter Wilhelm.

The Chief Marshal will wear a Scarlet Badge; Chief of Staff a White Badge; Adjutant General a Blue Badge; and the Aids Red, White and Blue Rosettes.

FORMATION OF COMPANIES.

Visiting clubs outside of the two cities will form on North avenue, right resting on Federal street.

South Side Division on North avenue, in rear of visiting clubs.

Pittsburgh Division on North and Cedar avenues, right resting on South Side Division.

Allegheny Division will form on Cedar avenue, in rear of Pittsburgh Division.

All clubs are expected to be in position for review and inspection at 7½ P. M., sharp. After the Governor reviews the procession they will move over the following route:

North avenue to Irwin avenue; Irwin avenue to Beach street; Beach street to Grant avenue; Grant avenue to Lincoln avenue; Lincoln avenue to Irwin avenue; Irwin avenue to Ridge avenue; Ridge avenue to Stockton avenue, (via Parks,) and dismiss.

Citizens along the route of procession are requested to decorate.

By order of

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

MEETINGS.

☞ NOTICE.—A SPECIAL Meeting of ST. JOHN'S LODGE, No. 219 A. Y. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Fifth avenue, THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock, for work.

By Order of the W. M.

CYRUS. J. SHEPARD,
w100 Secretary.

☞ NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the MONONGAHELA BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION will be held at its office, No. 94 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY EVENING, November 6, 1875, at 7½ o'clock.

JAMES H. PORTE,
w92 Secretary.

ELECTIONS.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
October 12, 1875.

☞ AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, the 15th day of November next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. The regular annual meeting of the stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 23d, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

W. ROSEBURG,
61w Cashier.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS, FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

☞ DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they will receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

DISSOLUTION—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the partnership heretofore existing between KEDDIE & LAIRD in the Carpenter business, was mutually dissolved on April 1st, 1875. All debts due the firm as well as those owing by them, will be settled by Thomas Keddie.

THOMAS KEDDIE,
w68 JAMES LAIRD.

NEW ADVERT

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING,
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1875.

DAILY GAZETTE:
POSTAGE PREPAID.

By Mail, per annum	$10 00
By Mail, for six months	5 00
By Mail, for three months	2 50
By Mail, for one month	1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier	15

All remittances should be made by Express or in Money Orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE:
POSTAGE PREPAID.

Single Subscribers	$1 75
Clubs of ten	1 50
Clubs of ten	1 40

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest Express office, in order that there may be no mistakes in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE *—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.*

KING, REED & CO.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1875.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY RAWLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FIFE.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER.
FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JAMES G. MURRAY.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WM. H. McCLEARY.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN McCLELLAND.
AUGUSTUS BECKERT.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 27½f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 99.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 114¾.

SENATOR BAYARD, of Delaware, a Democrat of the best standing, declared in a speech, a few days ago, that "partisan trickery is not politics." We would like him to enforce that idea among his brethren in this State.

MONCURE D. CONWAY is receiving very flattering editorial mention, on account of his lecture on "Oriental Religions," it being spoken of as of rare interest. The Cincinnati *Commercial* regards it as the best lecture ever delivered in that city,—a rare compliment indeed.

GOVERNOR HARTRANFT will spend today and to-morrow in this city. His quiet, pleasant manners, backed by a record which shows him to be worthy the esteem of the people, have made him very popular, among all classes of people. The two days spent among us will, no doubt, be productive of the best results.

WE published, some days ago, some statements from the Johnstown *Tribune*, relative to PERSHING'S home record during the war. At the time, we thought that, possibly, they were strongly drawn, while in the main true. The *Voice and Echo*, of that place, replies to the statements, but in such a gingerly, evasive manner, that we are now fully convinced they were strictly true, in every particular.

ALL that pertains to the lad, CHARLEY ROSS, continues to be of interest, and will be till his fate or whereabouts is definitely ascertained. The latest disclosures come from a person calling himself "NELSE BOOTH," and a person named BAKER had been authorized by him to proceed to England and receive the child. At first the police were inclined to think BOOTH was a myth, but the opinion now prevails that he is a real identity, and some hope is entertained that the child may be recovered. At best, it is one of the mysterious phases of this intricate event, and a few weeks will disclose whether the child will be recovered or not.

MARCHING clubs have cropped out in full abundance, as one of the features of the present political canvass. Much debate has been had as to their merits and demerits. As a rule, they have at least this advantage,—that they interest and entertain, and so reach a class that are not affected by more serious means. The use of this method of entertaining and attracting, however, illustrates the old remark, that what is good for politics is not equally so for religious matters. How these old stagers of politicians would stare at a religious torchlight parade! Yet both the preachers and politicians strive to catch the attention of the people,—one for votes and the other, let us hope, for higher and better ends.

IT seems very like sarcasm, the remark of the *Post*, that PERSHING'S record does'nt need defence. Certainly it ought not, and will not receive it. We rather incline to accord praise to the Democratic press that they have had the good sense not to attempt it. The record is as clear as day, —hence there can be no question as to the several facts stated,—that he was against his country, the farmers, and the laboring classes. Such a record truly needs no defense,—it is indefensible. We never knew a canvass in which the Democratic press seemed so helpless. They are the merest driftweeds. They cannot assail the records of the Republican candidates, and dare not defend the records of their men. Can any current fact better illustrate their utter helplessness?

THAT Treasury Investigating Committee, selected as a medium for the manufacture of political capital, does not seem to work exactly well. The first man on the list, if they wish to begin at the beginning, is ex-Treasurer MCGRATH, still in the flesh, and an uncompromising Democrat. They do not seem to get him before them, nor, so far as we can see, do they appear desirous of doing it. He might tell them how the Treasury was managed in good old Democratic times. They ought to inquire of him if he had money at interest, and if so, how much he received, and what became of it. We do not object to having this subject fully sifted, provided it is fairly and impartially done. But in this case the House resolutions began with the term of the immortal MCGRATH, who is no farther away than Philadelphia. We would like the Committee to see what he says.

THE visit of the Emperor WILLIAM, of Germany, to Milan, his formal reception, the enthusiasm of the populace, and all the attendant circumstances, have created considerable discussion in Europe as to the exact significance of the event. That the visit was formal and official is evident, and it is regarded as having grave political purposes. Germany is not so sure of her Austrian and Russian alliances as she would wish, and is aware of the fact that France is ever on the alert to repair the losses of the last war. Between her and Italy there is a bond of cohesion in the sympathy existing as to Ultramontanism. They thus show a tendency to form a political alliance, and this means anticipated danger. The question is, where will it develop, and what is the exact nature of the danger expected. There is an evidently uneasy feeling among the great powers of Europe, the late Montenegrin war contributing to the loosening of old alliances.

THE vast attendance at the Exposition, Saturday, not only illustrated its attractive power, but taught other lessons as well. Our city has been benefited by this Exposition to the extent of thousands of dollars. Our hotels have been crowded, our stores largely patronized, and an inspiration given to business which otherwise would not have been enjoyed. We do not claim that this quickening of business will continue, or that it will be the basis of a general revival of trade. In the nature of things this cannot be. But suppose the energy and effort of the Exposition were put generally into trade, or that the same advertising spirit that now prevails because of it, were diffused through the year? Who can doubt that the lethargy that seemed to be gathering over us would be dissipated, and our trade retained at home. Even Pittsburgh did not, and does not, know what it manufactures. A leading iron manufacturer openly said, a few evenings since, that his wife had expended some fifty dollars at the Exposition in articles which she did not before know were manufactured in Pittsburgh. Thus it is. We just begin to know ourselves. What an astonishment an Exposition that would fully represent our manufactures, small and great, would be!

THE plea of guilty, entered by the St. Louis whisky dealers, indicted for perpetrating frauds on the United States Treasury, has raised the question whither clemency should be extended them, and if so, to what extent. We hope, as sparingly as possible. While it is true that where the trouble and cost of a trial is saved, by the confession of a guilty party, it is also true that such confessions are rarely, if ever, made, except where the evidence against them is absolutely convincing, and irresistible. Such being the fact, presumably, in the cases under mention, we submit that something is due to the maintenance of the law. The great difficulty in the way of collecting duties and taxes due the general Government, in this country, usually turns on the lax administration of punishment when parties are caught. The whisky cases embody the most comprehensive attempt to directly defraud the Government we remember to have occurred. The parties should be made examples of, so far as this can be done. We fully recognize that some concession should be made to the plea of guilty,—but we insist that it should be as small as possible. If there was ever a time when the Government needed to be firm, it is just now, and in these cases. We fully believe in protecting people who honestly conduct any form of business that is recognized by law; but when the laws of the country are deliberately violated, then let swift and severe punishment follow.

THE LAST WEEK.

With to-day we enter upon the last full week of the canvass. The heavy work remaining to be done must be accomplished in this time,—Monday of next week being required for the details of preparation that always precede an important election. Governor HARTRANFT devotes two days of this week,—to-day and to-morrow, to this city and vicinity. He will move about among the people, and in his quiet, gentlemanly, pleasant way, present himself and the Republican cause to the people. Hon. EDWARD MCPHERSON is also in the city, and will render such service in this part of the State, for a few days, as the occasion may demand. So far, well. But it will not be wise for Republicans to hesitate for a moment, or to depend upon extra influences. There is work to be done, which celebrities, meetings, speakers, or any public demonstrations cannot accomplish. Probably the most effective service that can be rendered is that where friend speaks with friend, and neighbor with neighbor, in explaining, influencing, and controlling their purposes and votes. Where a cause and the candidates are praiseworthy, this can be readily done. We have this advantage the present year. General HARTRANFT is so manifestly superior to his competitor, that he can be conscientiously endorsed. He has proven an excellent officer, sustaining the dignity and honor of the office he fills and giving eminent satisfaction to the people of the entire State. The only attempt thus far made to assail him is through the rehash of stories that were retailed three years ago, but have been utterly dead since. He has been prudent, cautious, fair and kind, yet where occasion required, energetic and firm. As a Governor and man, his record cannot be challenged. All this can be said, without incurring the charge of assailing his competitor.

We believe the friendliness of candid conversation will permit us to go farther, and commend to neighbors the importance of being properly represented, Centennial year. On that occasion, our State will entertain the entire world. There will be representatives among us from various European countries. It will be the celebration of the essential idea that has been enlarged and enforced by the Republican party—"liberty throughout the land." The Democratic party, originally right, had drifted into the support of slavery, and eventually began a war of rebellion in the interest of a slave Republic. In that war, JOHN F. HARTRANFT fought, from beginning to end, for the preservation of the Union, and really, for the overthrow of slavery,—this becoming involved as the result of the emancipation proclamation. CYRUS L. PERSHING, through all that war, was a slavery sympathizing Democrat, and one who denounced the emancipation Proclamation. He refused to sympathize with the Union cause. Will it be appropriate or right, now that we are about to celebrate the centennial of our freedom, to put in the Gubernatorial chair a man who sympathized with, and morally aided a movement, that was designed to overthrow our Government, and destroy our liberties? What a parody on the centennial would CYRUS L. PERSHING be! On the other hand, there is eminent fitness in the position of Centennial Governor being accorded to JOHN F. HARTRANFT. His character, pure and untarnished, his services to the country, eminent and brilliant, and his record, as a Governor, correct and spotless, speak of him as pre-eminently the man for Centennial Governor. There need be no fear of our blushing with shame, when his services and record are inquired after.

We remind, further, that a confident spirit may be shown. We do not desire to encourage vain and foolish boasting. We do not desire that even a shadow of deception should be practiced; yet we do not hesitate to declare that we regard the election of HARTRANFT and RAWLE as nearly a certainty as any future human event can possibly be. Even the "Independent" journals, such as the *Dispatch*, which kept on the fence till doubt was resolved into moral certainty by the Ohio election, now bray with a boldness that shows they smell the air of victory. The entire popular tide is with HARTRANFT and RAWLE. We have heard many say that while they would vote against the Republican party on the finance issue, were officers of the National Government to be elected, they will vote for HARTRANFT, because he is the best Governor the State has ever had. Thousands of Democrats admit that he is all they could ask as Governor, and that they are disgusted with the evidently dishonest attitude of the Erie platform on the financial question, and with the course of PERSHING in refusing to leave the bench unless elected Governor. They realize that the little demagogue cannot set himself up as a lofty-minded man, who keeps aloof from politics. Judge BEDLE, in New Jersey, could do this, as he had never been a politician, in the usually accepted sense; but PERSHING had been, for years, wallowing in the dirtiest pools of politics, and no one could respect him, so far as his retention of the Judgeship is concerned. All instinctively knew that the motive was to hold on to the emoluments of one good office till he could get another.

These are a few of the practical subjects that can be brought to the attention of the people. They are true and right. Not only are the Republican candidates best, but they are morally certain of success. With this feeling to inspire, and this view before us, there is nothing to hinder the most vigorous work for the grand majority the ticket ought to receive.

THE Rev. Dr. Eccleston's election as Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church for the Diocese of Iowa has been confirmed, twenty-four dioceses having given their consent to it and only three refused. Of the remaining seventeen dioceses, it is thought that fifteen at least will vote aye.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THE Republicans of the Twenty-second Senatorial district, composed of Monroe, Pike and Carbon counties, have nominated as their candidate for the Senate Wm. C. MORRIS, Jr., of Carbon county.

A SATIRICAL voter has sent to a Minnesota editor a cabbage which, he says, "represents the Democratic-Liberal-anti-Monopoly party" in Minnesota. It has three very light heads growing on one stalk.

IOWA will have 48 Republicans in her next Senate, to 9 Opposition. The House stands 80 Republicans to 20 Opposition, giving a majority of 92 on joint ballot to the Republicans. In the last General Assembly the Republican majority on a joint ballot was only 16.

THE Pittsburgh Democrats have been so cruel as to invite Governor Allen to take the stump for them. Have they forgotten this remark made by him a few weeks ago: "Suppose I should be beat like h—l in my own State, wouldn't I be a pretty looking thing making speeches in Pennsylvania?" There can only be one answer to that question.

THE State census of 1875 shows that there were 340,056 legal voters in Massachusetts last May. The whole number of votes cast for Governor in November, 1874, was 185,000, consequently the number of legal voters in the State who did not vote must have been in the neighborhood of 154,000. The population in the State last May was 1,647,413.

POLLET gives out when he is away from home that he is a poor, hard-working farmer. It would surprise some of his friends to come up here and see his sixteen hundred acre farm, with a mansion costing thirty or forty thousand dollars, in which this humble tiller of the soil lives like a nabob off the labor of a score or more ill-paid poor men.—*Bradford Reporter.*

"HE owns a two-acre lot and his wife minds store" is the contemptuous way in which a Canadian newspaper disposes of an opposing candidate. Some one suggests that this is an excellent recommendation. It shows that the wife is industrious and that the man is not too proud to work, and not so poor as to be compelled to steal. Better elect him.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

PERSHING, the Pennsylvania Democratic candidate for Governor, evidently despiseth not the homely wisdom of the ancient sage about a bird in the hand. He refuses to resign his position as Judge of the Supreme Court before the election, and, if he be defeated, of course he will not resign after the election. And so he draggles the judicial ermine in the political mire.—*Chicago Tribune.*

IT is daily becoming more manifest that the Prohibitionists who persist in running separate candidates do not represent a tithe of those of our fellow-citizens who are earnest in defence of temperance principles. These know that this is not a time when candidates running on special issues have any prospect of success, and they will not throw away their ballot in voting for such.—*Phila Press.*

A PRIVATE letter from Hon. John Allison, Register of the Treasury, who is at his home in Western Pennsylvania, actively engaged in the canvass going on in that State, contains the gratifying information that the prospect of the election of the Republican ticket is very cheering. The result of the election in Ohio has stayed the progress of inflation sentiments and a better and more decided feeling now prevails for hard money, and honesty, as regards the treatment of our national obligations. Mr. Allison has appointments for speaking up to the day of election, and from his known ability on the stump, good results will come of his advocacy of Republicanism, at this critical juncture.—*Washington Chronicle.*

PERSONAL.

POSTMASTER GENERAL JEWELL was 50 years old on the 20th inst.

EDGAR A. POE'S monument at Baltimore will be dedicated on the 28th inst.

MISS BUCKMAN, the Illinois giantess, who died the other day, weighed 412 pounds.

THE Marquis of Lorne has declined to stand for the Lord Rectorship of Aberdeen University.

THE Rev. M. Hugh, Methodist preacher of Vermont, occasionally delivers his sermons in verse.

SENATOR ANTHONY owns two-thirds of the Providence *Journal*, which cleared $70,000 last year.

MRS. SARTORIS has been the recipient of a barrel of choice apples from the Mayor of Omaha, Nebraska.

IT is said that Essex Porter, a son of the Admiral, has accepted an appointment in the Khedive's army.

JOSEPH FOSTER, who recently died at Keene, N. H., made the first reed organ ever used in the United States.

THE Prince Imperial of France is not only suffering with his old constitutional affliction, but is in danger of losing his eye sight.

GENERAL JOE HOOKER has left Garden City, L. I., where he has of late resided, to spend the Winter at the Virginia Hot Springs.

CARDINAL MCCLOSKEY, upon his arrival in England, will be presented with addresses by the Catholics of that country and Ireland.

EX-SENATOR CARL SCHURZ will begin a lecturing tour of New England on the 1st of November. The subject of his new lecture is "Centennial Thoughts."

DR. ISAAC I. HAYS is very sure that the North Pole and the open sea which surrounds it, in his belief, can be reached, and evidently would like to have another chance of trying his skill.

QUEEN VICTORIA has placed $1,000 in the hands of the Princess Louise to be distributed among the workmen in the employ of the Duke of Argyll for their extra labor during the visit of Her Majesty to Inverary.

PROF. W. P. GARDNER and Frederick Wright, with a party of about forty persons from the vicinity of Cleveland, Ohio, arrived in New Orleans, *en route* for Pascagoula, Miss., where they propose locating permanently.

THE Standing Committee of the Diocese of Easton, Mass., have consented to the consecration of Rev. Dr. McLean, Bishop-elect of Illinois, Rev. Dr. Brown, Bishop-elect of Fon Du Lac, and Rev. Dr. Eccleston, Bishop-elect of Iowa.

"GIDEON WELLS," says the Hartford correspondent of the Boston *Globe*, "is hale and hearty, and appears to bear lightly his seventy odd years. He lives in a delightful part of the city and is surrounded by all the comforts and luxuries of life.

MR. SPURGEON is said to have a wonderful memory for names and faces. At the close of his Sunday services he steps out of his pulpit to the side of the door where his congregation pass out, and shakes hands with the members, calling each by name and inquiring after their families.

MR. JEFFERSON DAVIS, in a letter to Gov. Kemper, of Virginia, expressing his inability to be present at the dedication of Stonewall Jackson, says: "The admirable and affectionate remembrance with which I regard our departed hero would make it particularly gratifying to unite with you in the manifestation of the respect which all who knew him must feel for that unwavering patriot and distinguished soldier."

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

BEE culture is going on in California very successfully.

SHEEP are now selling in Fresno county, Cal., at 75 cents each.

COFFEE can be cultivated in Louisiana, Alabama and Florida.

SIDNEY ROACH, of Ledyard, Conn., was killed last week by an ugly bull.

THERE are sixty-three thousand and eighty-four more women than men in Massachusetts.

HALF the children in American schools have injured eyesight from misapplication of sanitary rules.

SHARKEY, the convicted murderer, who escaped from prison in New York, has arrived at Santander, Spain.

THE thirteenth census of Iowa, just completed, shows a population of 1,341,438, being an increase of 147,418 since 1870.

IN San Francisco a Chinaman died in a dark cellar. His food was rats. While he was dying rats ate at him. He had $40,000 in bank.

A ST. LOUIS woman professes to know personally twenty-two women who have become bald by wearing ponderous heaps of false hair.

MRS. D. L. MURDEN'S death was occasioned, in New Orleans, by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. Her husband was severely burned in attempting to extinguish the flames.

THE Chicago *Times* says the peppermint crop of a single county in Illinois will reach $500,000 this year. The young gentlemen who love drops will now have an aching to go West.

TWO hundred trains pass daily over the Pennsylvania Railroad between New York and Philadelphia. A train leaves Jersey City every seven minutes, night and day. At Bay will come when all this will be considered slow.

IN the town of Mercer, Me., on Friday, Mrs. Walton, the divorced wife of Hiram Walton, who was living with Greenleaf Tracy, was shot dead by Tracy in a fit of jealousy. Tracy then fled to the woods and killed himself.

THE natives of Porto Rico in New York and neighboring cities are preparing to form a committee after the manner of the Cuban patriots, and co-operating with their fellow countrymen at home in their effort to cast off the Spanish yoke.

WHILE a San Francisco undertaker was drawing his tape line over the corpse of a Chinese woman he was surprised to see her roll her eyes up at him. The surrounding friends showed no surprise, but simply said "She is deadee by twelve o'clock."

DURING a clerical conference the following conversation was heard between two newsboys: "I say, Jim, what's the meaning of so many ministers being here altogether?" "Why," answered Jim, scornfully, "they always meet once a year to swap sermons."

A CLERGYMAN who went to Hartford, Conn., to preach had selected for his text, "Where are the nine?" but as the Hartford Base Ball Club had just sustained a crushing defeat, he was afraid his sermon might be understood as a local allusion, and he accordingly substituted another.

TWO horse cars meet. A sudden jair,
The cars both stop, the horses rair.
Up starts each tim'rous passenjair;
"A break down? off the track, or whair?
Why stop so long? This ain't Court squair."
To his comrade then says one drivair:
"Say, give 'a chaw o' tobacair!"

THE London *Times* notices as a significant fact the recent importation and sale of American calicoes in the English market, a Manchester firm having received an invoice of those goods which are acknowledged to be of much better quality than those of English manufacture.

M. V. STUNSON, formerly publisher of a newspaper in Portland, Maine, is under arrest in Boston for fraudulently inducing fifty persons to invest some twenty-six thousand dollars for alleged colonization purposes, at Mansfield, Vermont. They were ready to start when the swindle was exposed.

A REMARKABLE case of child-stealing lately occured at Carlinville, Ill. A message came for Dr. Harrison to attend a case in the country. Arriving at the place designated, he found that he had been hoaxed; and upon returning home, learned that his little girl, aged 18 months, had been carried off by two women.

WHILE a piece of granite weighing twelve tons was being raised to the platform of the upper course of the foundation of the new Custom House in Cincinnati, on Friday morning, the derrick broke, and the granite fell to the ground, seriously injuring the foreman, James Monroe, and a laborer named John Curran.

THE tramps, it is said, have a way of conveying intelligence to each other by marking gate-posts. A gentleman in New Haven, Conn., annoyed by the frequent calls of these vagabonds, observed that they inspected the gate-post before entering, and, upon examination, found there a mark, which he rubbed out. He has not since been troubled.

OLD WINSTON was a negro preacher in Virginia, and his ideas of theology and human nature were often very original. A gentleman thus accosted the old gentleman one Sunday: "Winston, I understand you believe every woman has seven devils. How can you prove it?" "Well, sah, did you never read in the Bible how seven debbles were cast out of Mary Magdalin?" "Oh, yes, I've read that." "Did you ebber hear of 'em bein' cast out of any udder woman, sah?" "No, I never did." "Well, den, all de odders got 'em yet."

THE dead body of a man supposed to be John T. Campbell was found in the weeds along the side of the Missouri & Pacific Railroad track, two miles west of California, Mo., on Friday. Letters written by Hugh A. Campbell and C. C. Campbell, dated Philadelphia, and a power of attorney from Hugh A. Campbell, authorizing him to transact his business in the Indian Territory, were found on the body. The supposition is that Campbell fell from the train, and the condition of the corpse indicated that it had lain where it was found several days.

CHARLEY ROSS.

Is He in England?—Baker's Voyage Across the Ocean.

The flutter caused by the sudden turning up of Walter T. Baker, and the man purporting to be Nelse Booth, is still occasioning a sensation. On the 8th instant, Mr. Baker received another letter, in the handwriting of Booth, dated New York, but mailed in Philadelphia. The documents read as follows:

NEW YORK, October 9.—*Baker:* You are a dam fool, and Ross is crazy. Now you are in danger. I thought you had more sense. So hear, you have almost lost your chance of getting the boy. What made you give it away? You must now do as I say, or I will go for you, sure. For God sake don't say anything to any one now, but work for me. I want you to find Gusto, and then I will ensure you the boy. If you go to Bradford, Eng., and make inquiries, you can find him easy. You must be quiet about it when you find him, which is very easy to do. I will have it but, for I will manage to get him a letter and if I do you go as I say and show him this, this winter he will be about there or York I know this, you must keep from Ross and everybody else. Here is the secret. Gusto's Englis name is Sam Herbert, and by this letter you will find him, if he see this I think it will be all right, tell him this: "the child Boston gave you in New York is Charley Ross," and then tell him who Charley Ross is, for he don't know. You ought to kill you for you have been trying to nab me. do as I say, dam you, and stop hunting for me. I want Ross to have his boy. you Leave next week, and you can succeed. take this with you and don't show it to a living soul, but Gusto or Herbert. if you do, I would murder you. so beware, Baker.

FROM YOU KNOW WHO.

The following personal appeared in the *Ledger* on the 13th:

BOSTON: Send me an order on Herbert, to deliver to me. I will go.

This brought out the following letter, enclosing the order for the boy, which Baker received on the 14th. The envelope bore a two-cent stamp, and was postmarked "Philadelphia." It was written on a small slip of paper, evidently out of an account book, and was as follows:

Baker, I seen your notice yesterday. I gess all's right. I will write any more, not one line, but I want Ross for to have his boy, and you to get the reward. give this other paper to Sam Herbert, or gusto. You may the help I will hear all about it, When you get back. Nelse Booth.

If he can't read, you read it to him, he will know all about it.

In the letter was folded the following order, written on a sheet of note paper, and addressed, on an outside fold, to "Sam Herbert":

NEW YORK, AMERICA, October 13, 1875.
—*Sam Herbert:* Give to this man Baker my little boy, which I gave you to keep for me last October, in York State, America. I have sent him over for him, while I am getting ready to come to York State, so don't detain him. Oblige, Hiram Sprague, your old friend, Boston.

"Gusto" was traced by Mr. Jas. Ross, and it was found that he came to this country three years ago, landing at New York and then going to Savannah, Ga., in a wagon with a female and seven children. In October, 1874, he took passage upon a steamer at New York. As soon as the letters were received Baker visited Mr. Ross and laid the letters before him. A cable telegram was then sent to the Scotland yard detectives in London, but no answer has yet been received.

Baker left New York on a Cunard steamer Saturday for Liverpool to search for the missing boy.

Dying on the Stage.

John McCullough, who is playing Richelieu and Virginius in Chicago this week, describes the last appearance of Charlotte Crampton, who died in Louisville, of yellow jaundice a week or two ago, in her fifty-ninth year. She performed the Queen to his Hamlet, and he draws the following vivid portrait of the dying actress: "She was dying, nay, was almost dead, at the time. Her limbs were rigid and her features so contracted that only the eyes and lips moved. Her disease made her face a dark saffron color; she looked almost as dusky as Othello, and her eyes, dilated and with something fearfully wierd in their expression, positively froze one's blood. She had to be led to the entrances, but, once on the stage, was completely herself except for that dreadful rigidity which marked her as in many respects already dead. Let not a line or even a word of the part did she miss. In this, her last appearance before her beloved footlights, she was as perfect in her lines as when in the prime of her career, only the mobility, the ease, the motion, were lacking, but these were things of the past and had their being in the fulness of that vital spark which was fast ebbing away. When her last scene closed and she passed from the stage through the entrance, one of the ballet girls made a movement to assist her down the steps that led to the dressing rooms. The kindly offer was rejected with a dignified gesture and with eyes fixed in death, features rigid and limbs nearly paralized, the once favorite actress slowly dragged herself from the theatre forever."

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.

CHARTERED IN 1862.

Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Sinnes, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

Solicitor—JOHN H. BAILEY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. H. SCROGGINS,
Fashionable Hair Dressing
AND
Shaving Saloon, Bath Rooms Attached,
No. 48 North Diamond, Allegheny

NEW PATENT CAR FOR INCLINED PLANES conveniently arranged to carry PASSENGERS AND VEHICLES at the same time. Descriptive circular sent on application. Address,
J. EARNSHAW, Civil Engineer,
N. W. corner 4th and Race streets,
174 Cincinnati, Ohio.

Park Hair Dressing Saloon.
Hair Dressing, Hair Cutting, Shaving and Shampooing, in the latest style. Also, Cupping and Leeching, at
JNO. S. WILLIAMSON'S,
No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny City.

STONECUTTER OR LUMBER YARD TO LEASE. The lots that have been occupied by J. L. & J. NOX for the last twelve years, for stonecutting, corner of Twenty-first and Railroad streets, Twelfth ward. It is a first rate stand for a Stonecutter or Lumber Yard, with river and fine landing and beach privileges and railroad. Possession given in January next.
J. B. MORGAN, 113 Liberty st.
October 4, 1875. w3

BRONZE GROUPS,
STATUARY AND URNS.
J. P. SMITH 2ON & CO.,
189 LIBERTY STREET.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, Fall and Winter Wear.
LOW PRICES.

HAZARD POWDER CO.'S
Sporting and Mining Powder.
I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors, and dealers by keg or car load, at Low Prices. Safety Fuse constantly on hand.
ARTHUR KIRK,
No. 19 Seventh (late Irwin) street, Pittsburgh.

DUFF & CAMPBELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Window Glass
And dealers in French and Enamelled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light upwards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER STREET, between Wood and Smithfield. n°8

WM. T. DUNN & CO.,
Sewer Builders and Manufacturers of
Drain and Sewer Cement Pipe.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hydraulic Cement, Patent Chimney Pipes, Cellar Floors, &c., executed. All orders promptly attended to and work guaranteed.
OFFICE, 41 FEDERAL STREET.
WORKS: 240 REBECCA STREET, ALLEGHENY.

Duff's College.
49 Fifth Avenue.
An institution for imparting a business education to young and middle aged men. No classes, individual instruction only. Students can enter at any time. For information, call on or address
P. DUFF & SONS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
n26-M

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

A. L. RUSSELL.....R. W. BERKSTRESSER.
A. L. RUSSELL & CO.'S
Stock, Bill & Real Estate Brokerage
AND
General Insurance Agency,
No. 115 FOURTH AVENUE,
n61 PITTSBURGH, PA.

LANE BROTHERS' WHOLESALE HARDWARE
POCKET ENIVES,
Knives and Forks,
SPOONS, SCISSORS,
AXES, SHOVELS, LOCKS,
Hinges, Nails, Files, etc.
Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, and AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Cor. Liberty & Birth Streets.
d48

REMOVAL.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel,
Window Glass
Of all sizes, cut to order.
VIALS, BOTTLES AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
Of old and Reliable Patterns.
Prices to suit times. Quality and style equal to any made in the country. aspt107

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.
UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
AROMATIC
Schiedam Schnapps
This celebrated Beverage acknowledged by the whole MEDICAL FACULTY as a superlative
TONIC! DIURETIC!
Anti-Dyspeptic and Invigorating Cordial.
Used and called for daily by thousands, is offered to all who are in need and suffering, with the assurance of its PURITY and RELIABILITY.
UDOLPHO WOLFE CO.,
No. 18 Beaver street, New York.
Sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
Beware of counterfeits and Imitations.
FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
CANBY, GILPIN & CO.,
W. H. BROWN & BRO.,
BALTIMORE.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—THE first of the season—just received, put up in small bags for family use, or for sale by the pound at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and 9th streets.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1875.

SEMI-WEEKLY DRY GOODS REPORT FROM WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

NOS. 165, 167 AND 169 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, PENN'A.

Strictly But One Price, and that Always the Lowest.

New Dress Goods
JUST OPENED,
At 12½c, New Dark Dress Goods.
At 15c, New Dark Dress Goods
At 18¾c, New Dark Dress Goods.
☞The above three lots of Dress Goods are most remarkable bargains, being in good Dark Colors and styles.

NEW STYLE PLAIDS,
AT 25 TO 50 CENTS.
PLAIN AND PLAID

Camel's Hair and Thibet Cloth.
Most Remarkable Bargains To-day in
BLACK CASHMERES,
All prices—from 50c to $2.50.
An Immense Stock of Black and new colors in
MOHAIR ALPACAS!
From 25c upward.
Extraordinary Bargains in
BLACK DRESS SILKS,
From $1 to $3.50.

Jos. Horne & Co.
Have now open a large assortment
UNDERWEAR
FOR MEN AND BOYS',
White and Scarlet all Wool
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
Scotch all Wool
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
White and Scarlet Flannel
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
White and Shetland Merino
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
Men's Shirts and Drawers from 50c up.
Silk Shirts and Drawers, 3 to 16 thds.

FOR LADIES.
White and Scarlet all Wool
VESTS AND DRAWERS,
White and Shetland
VESTS AND DRAWERS.
Ladies' Vests are High Neck and Long Sleeve, High Neck and Short Sleeve, or Low Neck and Short Sleeve.
LADIES' DRAWERS
Made regular length to the knee—extra length to the ankle.

For Misses and Children.
White Merino
Vests, Pantletts and Drawers.
White and Shetland Undershirts.
All the above goods in a variety of qualities and all sizes are offered at
CLOSEST PRICES.

Retail Stores,
77 FIFTH AVENUE,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.

CARPETS!
A CHOICE STOCK.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 FIFTH AVENUE.

New Improvements
FOR THE
FIERY FURNACE.

THE
AGITATING GRATE
(LARKIN'S PATENT.)
The Most Powerful, Simple and Effective Grate in the World.
The FIERY FURNACE is adapted for Churches, School Houses and all kinds of public and private buildings.
MANUFACTURED BY
GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.
Who are also the Manufacturers of the
IMPROVED DOUBLE-OVEN
Boston Cooking Range,
PARLOR AND COOK STOVES, Etc.
206 AND 208 LIBERTY STREET.
SWEET POTATOES—50 BARRELS
Choice Jerseys for sale by
J. R. CANFIELD,
116 Water street and 152 First avenue,
October 6, 1875.

Ladies' Ready Made
Dresses,
Costumes and Overdresses,
Made in best manner in
Latest Fall and Winter Styles.
We also make Ladies' and Misses' Dresses, &c., to order from measure.

NEW SACQUES and CLOAKS
In Cloth, Cashmere and Silk.
Elegant Silk Cloaks, Fur Lined.
Real Seal Skin Sacques.
New Paisley and Fine Shawls,
New Woolen Shawls.
New Mourning Shawls.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S FURS.
All desirable kinds, at much less than usual prices.

FALL AND WINTER WEAR,
For Ladies, Misses and Children,
Merino Undergarments, all kinds,
Cloth and Felt Skirts,
Stockings and Gloves,
Muslin Undergarments, all sizes.

Ladies, Misses, Children, Men, and Boys'
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.
Complete assortment in medium and best makes
At Very Low Prices.

WHITE, ORR & CO.
NEW GOODS.
Our Dress Goods Stock
Contains the latest novelties and newest shades in
Merino, Cashmere, Camel's Hair,
Knickerbocker, Snow Flake,
Brocades and Plaids.

Black Silks!!
All the Standard Makes.
Bonnet, Pouson, Hand-Spun, Cachimere, Du Rhone and Cachmiro Milan, Cheney Bros., and Girvand's Superior American. Also the newest shades in
MARINE BLUE, SEAL, MYRTLE, PRUNE, CARDINAL, FUME.
Velvet Striped and Brocade Matelasse,
Seal Skins, Matelasse and Cloth Sacques, Jackets and Overskirts, Suits, Shawls, &c.

**WHITE, ORR & CO.

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

ROBINSON BROTHERS

NO. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Especial attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO $5,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
MONDAY, October 25, 1875. }

Aside from the activity that usually attends Saturday's business, there were no features of special interest to note in banking circles Saturday. Business of a general character is of course improved, owing to the crowds who come into the city from day to day. We are really in a transition state, between activity and dullness, with many doubts as to which way the tide will eventually turn. Those of a sanguine cast of mind, affirm that the brighter days are just upon us. Others of a phlegmatic turn, argue just the opposite. We do not venture to judge, but simply record the fact that temporary prosperity is upon the lighter forms of trade.

The tone of monetary affairs in London is anything but satisfactory. As the 1st of January draws near, when the final change in the German currency is to be attempted, the uneasiness in London as to the effect it will have on the London money market becomes more apparent, and the London *Times* significantly remarks that "whether we shall have a quiet money market for the next few months and one of excitement and, possibly, violent fluctuation, depends greatly on the chance of German financiers having learned by experience not to push the draining process too far."

It is apprehended that to carry out the proposed revolution in the German currency resort will be had early in the year to the London market for bullion. The gravity of the situation in Germany is not alone the substitution of the gold coinage for silver, but its substitution for all bank notes under 100 reichmarks, or about twenty-three dollars of our money. This process has been going on since the beginning of the year, but the people are so reluctant to give up the use of small notes that nearly a hundred millions still remain out, but the whole of which must cease to be legal tender after the new year. The London *Times* says:

It is calculated by the Berlin *Boersen Zeitung* that some £18,500,000 of the smaller notes have been canceled during the first eight months of the present year, and that sum £8,600,000 only was in notes under 50 marks in value, showing that these small notes were more reluctantly parted with by the people than the larger. At the end of last year there were £14,000,000 of notes between 50 and 100 marks value in circulation, and another £10,000,000 of lesser values, and on the 1st of September the higher values still out had dwindled to about £3,700,000, while about £4,800,000 of the notes below 50 marks was still in circulation. These, however, must all be withdrawn at first dates, or in some cases allowed to circulate locally, can no longer do so no legal tender. There is thus a great gap being created, which as yet nothing has come to fill. The Dessau Bank alone has one thaler, or three mark, notes still in circulation, and by the end of the present year all notes will cease to be legal tender which are below 100 marks, or which have their values expressed in any other than the new coinage denominations. This last provision would seem to have latterly been taking effect in reducing the amount of large notes in circulation also. At all events, it has not grown in proportion as the others have been unequally brought down. The circulation of small notes was decreased during the months of July and August by £7,500,000, and in the same period the circulation of notes of high value also fell away. Over the whole eight months under review the notes of higher value have only compensated for the diminution of the small note circulation to the extent of $8,400,000, and this augmentation may in part be illusory, due as it is chiefly to the course taken by the Bank of Prussia, which withdraws small notes partly by paying them off in others of the new denominations and new values, many of which may not have passed into active circulation.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	114½	5-20's 1868—coupons	118
U.S. 6's 1881, coup.	119½	10-40's	115½
" 1864	118	Currency 6's	122¾
" 1865	118¼	New 5 per cents	115¾
" 1865 new	118¼	10-40's—coupons	116¾
5-20's 1867	119½		

RAILWAYS.			
N. Y. Cen.	104½	Ohio & Mississippi	16
Erie	17½	Union Pacific	68
Ill. Cen.	96½	Toledo & Wabash	37
C. C. & I. C.	4½	Harlem	130½
St. Paul	34¾	Adams Express	100½
Do. Pref.	48¾	American Express	57
Michigan Southern	89¾	U. S. Express	44
Do. Central	69¾	W., Fargo & Co. Ex.	78½
North Western Com.	30¾	Quicksilver	38½
Do. Pref.	58¾	Fort Wayne	98½
Rock Island	104	Hannibal & St. Jos.	18
Cleve. & Pitts.	90¾	Panama	120
Pacific Mail	40¾	Iron Mountain	13¾
Western Union Tel.	77¼		

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (S)	51½	Cen. Trans.	31½
Reading (R)	51¾	Hestonville Pas. (R)	15½
Oil Cos. of N. J. (R)	12	A. V. R. R. 7-30's (A)	93½
Oil Creek (R)	10	P. C. & St. L. 7's (A)	75½
Lehigh Valley (R)	58½		

NEW YORK, October 23, 1875.

Gold declined from 115¼ to 114¾, recovered to 115, and closed at 114¾. The rates paid for borrowing were 1-16 for immediate delivery, and 3-64, 1-32 and 1-64 until Monday. Money 3, prime mercantile paper 6@7. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $225,000. The customs receipts were $446,009. The clearings were $49,000,000. Bankers' bills 479@481¾.

The following is the bank statement:

Loans, decrease	$2,945,000
Specie, increase	17,400
Legal tenders, decrease	1,762,500
Deposits, decrease	5,377,100
Circulation, increase	3,400
Reserve, decrease	408,325

Government bonds closed steady. Railroad mortgages were firm and in good demand. State bonds were quiet and prices nominal. The stock market opened firm at an advance of ¼ to ¾ per cent. as compared with the closing quotations of yesterday, but a reaction soon followed and prices declined ¼ to 2 per cent. during the day. Prices declined a fraction in the general list in the last hour of business, when stocks in the main became firm and higher. The market, however, closed active and lower. There was considerable realizing to-day by a small class of speculators, but the indications were that their stock had passed into stronger hands, and that the market would be rising next week. The transactions on the Exchange aggregated 221,400 shares, of which 16,800 were Erie, 49,000 Lake Shore, 10,700 Northwestern, 6,660 Pacific Mail, 4,400 St. Paul common, 6,400 Ohios, 32,500 Western Union, 5,000 Union Pacific, 3,000 C. C. & I. C., and 10,325 Missouri Pacifics.

Governments.—U. S. Coupons of 1881, 122; 5-20s of '64, 118; do of '65, 118; do of '65, new, 118½; do of '67, 119½; do of '68, 120; new 5s, 116½; 10-40s, 115½; do coupons, 116½; currency 6s, 123½.

State Bonds.—Missouri 6s, 101½; Tennessee old, 47½; do new, 46; Virginia new, 39½; do old, 40.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph, 77; Pacific Mail, 40½; Adams Express, 99½; Fargo Express, 78; American Express, 57; United States Express, 44; New York Central, 104½; Erie, 17½; do preferred, 35; Harlem, 131; do preferred, 130; Union Pacific, 66¾; Lake Shore, 69½; Michigan Central, 64; Illinois Central, 89; Pittsburgh, 90; Northwest common, 37¾; do preferred, 57½; New Jersey Central, 105½; Rock Island, 104; St. Paul, 34½; do preferred, 63½; Wabash, 5½; do preferred, 7; Fort Wayne, 98½; Terre Haute, 5; do preferred, 20; Chicago & Alton, 94; do preferred, 103; Ohio & Mississippi, 16; Burlington & Quincy, 111½; Hannibal & St. Joe, 19; Indiana Central, 4½; Delaware & Lackawanna, 118½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 18½; Central Pacific, 103; Union, 102.

LONDON, October 23.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was £84,000. Consols: money, 94 3-16; account 94 5-16; 5-20s of '65, 107½; do of '67, 107½; 10-40s, 104½; new 5s, 103¾; New York Central, 92; Erie, 15½; do preferred, 33.

PARIS, October 23.—Rentes 65f 57½c.

FRANKFORT, October 23.—U. S. new 5s 99.

PARIS, October 23.—Turkish securities have declined on the Bourse in consequence of a rumor that the Servian Diplomatic Agent has left Constantinople.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY, October 23, 1875. }

We can report a continued fair consumptive demand for all the leading articles of merchandise, but there are no new or important features deserving special mention to which reference has not already been made in these columns. General business is not active by any means, nor is it up to what it usually is at this particular time, yet it is about all that can reasonably be expected, and might be a good deal worse.

APPLES—continue to arrive freely, but good sound fruit is held at full prices—$3a3.50 per bbl.

BEANS—Mediums; $1,90a2 per bushel; navies, $2a2,10.

BUTTER—Dealers nearly all report trade slow, that the supply is accummulating, and prices are weak and drooping. Prime to choice rolls, 25a28c; ditto solid packed, 22a25c.

EGGS—In light supply, and the recent advance is still maintained; we continue to quote fresh at 27a28c.

FLOUR—The market has undergone no quotable change for some time, and trade is only fair. Old red winter Flour, $7a7,25; new do., $6,50a7,00; old spring wheat, $7a7,25; new do., $6,50a7; Rye Flour, $5,50a5,75. Buckwheat Flour, 3a3½c per lb.

GROCERIES—Sugars continue firm, with a moderate degree of activity, but prices remain unchanged. Coffee, on the other hand, continues dull and weak, and with supply in first hands steadily accumulating, and no improvement in the demand, a still further shrinkage in value is not improbable. The Ohio telegram reported an increase in the daily receipts there of 11,800 bags, and this has a depressing influence, notwithstanding that the advices also reported an advance to 9,800; the quantity in sight, as reported, was 75,000 bags, and the stock, 210,000 bags. The stock of Brazil in New York on Thursday was 82,453 bags.

SUGARS.			
Crushed	11¾	Standard B	10⅝
Granulated	11¾	Ex C Standard	10⅝
Powdered	11¾	Demarara	9¾@10¼
Standard A	10⅝	Porto Rico	8¾@ 9¾
N. O. Sugar	8½@ 9¾	Refined Yellows	8½@10

COFFEE.			
Rio Good	22	@23	Roasted loose	29½
Rio Prime	25	@26	R. Java, bbls	37
Rio Fancy	26	@27	R. Java, loose	36½
R. Rio, bbls	30			

RICE.			
Rangoon, per lb	7¼	@7¾	Louisiana, per lb	7¾@8
Carolina, per lb	8¾			

MOLASSES.			
Porto Rico	50@55	New Orleans	65@70
Maryland	45		

SYRUPS.			
Sugarhouse	35@40	Sugar Drips	60@65
Maryland	45	White Drips	65@70
Star Drips	50	Extra	75@80

GRAIN—There is a continued fair milling demand for Wheat, and the mills appear to be taking about all that offers within the range of quotations: $1,20a1,35 for common to choice spring; $1,20a1,40 for ditto white, and $1,40a1,45 for old red. It requires something strictly prime to command outside quotations. The Oat market is reported a shade firmer in consequence of diminished receipts, and prices are firmer: sales of Pennsylvania and Ohio reported at 43a44c for fair to prime. Corn, notwithstanding the stock in this market is small, continues dull, and is weak and somewhat lower; sales of Shelled reported at 68 to 70c, free in elevator for good mixed to prime yellow, and ear will not bring any more. Rye is ranging from 80a85c, and not much call for it. Barley quoted all the way from $1,10a1,30, according to quality and condition.

HAY—The market for baled is firmer in consequence of light receipts, but prices are no better; quoted at $13a15 for prairie, and $17a20 for timothy.

POTATOES—Peerless and Early Rose quoted on track, by the carload, at 38a40c, and Peach Blow, by the carload, at 45a47½c; by the barrel, per bushel, the outside figure for Jerseys.

PROVISIONS—There is a very fair jobbing trade for this particular time, but no inquiry large enough to make in quotations.

Hams—Extra S. C. per lb	14	Lard, Prime Leaf in tierces, per lb	14¾
Shoulders, S. C.	12	Do. half barrels	15
Sides, Extra Sugar Cured	15½	Lard, Refined, for summer use, in tierces	14
Dried Beef, Ex. Surfaced	14¾	Do. in ½ bbls	14½
Beef Tongues, S. C. per doz	—	Do. in buckets	15¾
Bacon Shoulders	10½	Do. 3 lb caddies	17¾
Rib Sides	13½	Do. 5 lb pails	17¾
Short Rib do	14¾	Do. 5 lb do	17¾
Clear Sides	15½	Do. 10 lb do	17¾
Mess Pork, per bbl	$23,50	Carbon Oil	18
Miner's Lard Oil	—	Cheese	14
Lard Oil, refined	90		

NUTS—Walnuts, 50a60c per bu.; Chestnuts, $4,50a5; Hickory nuts, $1,50a1,75.

POULTRY—Live Chickens, 50a60c per pair, by the coop.

RAGS—Good mixed, 2½a3c.

SEED—Sales of Timothy Seed at $2,75a2,80 to the trade, and $2,85a2,90 in a small way.

CHESTNUTS—$4,50a5 per bushel.

CHEESE—Firm and advancing; August Ohio Factory, 13¾a14c; ditto September, 14a14½c; prime New York, 15.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY, October 23, 1875. }

WEEKLY REVIEW.

Trade, both in the raw article and the product, has been dull for some time past, and, as compared with the early part of the week, prices are considerably lower. It is stated, on good authority, that some of the experters are again making a vigorous effort to bear the market, having sold short at rates considerably below those current; they are anxious to get prices only so low as they can cover. From all that we can learn, however, refiners generally, not only here, but elsewhere, are refusing to sell at the reduced rates, and if they continue to adhere to the position they have taken, we look for an improvement in prices before another week. The raw article has also somewhat lower in sympathy with the product, but the general situation appears to be favorable to the producer. Late advices from the McKean county district indicate that this territory will not turn out as prolific as reported some weeks ago, and unless additional strikes in new territory are made, it is not likely that prices will go much below what they are, and an advance is not improbable. The consumption is still considerably in excess of the production for some time past, and the consequence is, a very considerable reduction in stock.

CRUDE.

The market was again very quiet to-day, and while, as compared with Friday, there was but little change in prices, the tendency for the time being appears to be downward. Immediate shipment was quoted this P. M. at $1,02¾a1,05, and Conduit certificates at $1,07¾a1,08.

REFINED.

Continues very quiet, the stand-off between the exporters and refiners is still kept up. Philadelphia delivery was quoted today at 13¾13½c, yet, so far as we can learn, no business has been done, but refiners under 14c. If refiners only stick out, there is no doubt about the result, as the oil is wanted, and if it cannot be obtained at 13, 14c will be paid. Quite a number of the largest refineries, both here and at other points, have been stopped.

OIL BARRELS.

The Barrel market continues dull, but prices remain as last quoted; countries, $1,30a1,35; city make, 1,45.

FOREIGN OUTLOOK—STATISTICALLY.

The quantity of refined in store at the five principal German ports, Bremen, Antwerp, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Stettin on October 2, was 675,616 barrels, against 848,388 the same time last year; quantity of Refined loading same date, 244,199 barrels; same time last year, 174,857; quantity afloat, 145,000 barrels; same time last year, 133,800; quantities of Refined taken for consumption from Jan. 1 to Oct. 2, 1875, 1,416,750; same time last year, 1,186,200 bbls.

RECAPITULATION.

	1875.	1874.
Quantity in store	675,616	848,388
" afloat	244,169	174,857
" loading	146,000	133,800
Tl. visible supply bbls.	1,065,784	1,157,045

The receipts at the same ports during the same time were 1,662,869 barrels in 1875, and 1,610,757 in 1874.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
N. W. Stevenson	Central o w	945
J. J. Fisher	Central o w	929
B. S. Duncan	Eagle o w	684
J. J. Fisher	Star o w	485
A. J. Crawford	Phillips o w	489
B. S. Duncan	Citizens o w	466
J. J. Fisher	National o w	161
S. Craig	Citizens o w	477
S. Craig	Sunbeam o w	160
S. Craig	Empire o w	80
Total		4,867

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Receipts Crude this week, 19,487 barrels; January 1st to date, 1,037,858 barrels; same time, 1874, 1,348,208 barrels; shipments Refined this week, 13,717 barrels; last week, 22,078 barrels; January 1st to date, 579,889 barrels; same time, 1874, 847,910 bbls. This does not include the shipments by the Connellsville route for several weeks.

California Wheat.

The San Francisco *Commercial Herald*, of the 14th, says: The receipts of wheat are lessening day by day, and the daily offerings upon 'Change are of little moment. It is clearly evident to the close observer that there is a growing disposition among large dealers inland to hold on to their wheat for a time, looking for improved rates—to-prices approximating those current during the summer months, when, under unwarranted speculative excitements predicated upon rising markets in France and England, rates here were run up to a point that without very marked rise in Great Britain and elsewhere, whence the bulk of those purchases have been sent by shipments the past three months, heavy losses must be sustained by the shippers. The truth is, prices of wheat here have been relatively higher all the season than the markets abroad would warrant, and as before intimated, prices in England must advance in order to cover the many ventures made.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY, October 23, 1875. }

CATTLE.

Receipts from noon on Thursday up until noon to-day, 156 cars, of which 24 cars were yard cattle and the balance (132 cars) through consignments; receipts for the week 494 cars, 202 cars of through and 292 cars of local, a large increase as compared with last week. Since the date of our last report (21st inst.) there has been but little done, the sales footing up 306 head; however, there rarely ever is any business done during the time in question, or for that matter, from Thursday up until the following Tuesday. As a rule there are very few buyers here during the latter part of the week, and the great proportion of the arrivals are through consignments.

With a largely increased supply and scarcely an average demand, trade was very unsatisfactory in all grades of butcher cattle, and salesmen very generally reported a decline of ¼ to a ½ of a cent per pound; good stock and feeding cattle, however, sold just as readily as last week, and brought almost, if not altogether, as much as last week. The may appear strange, yet it is true nevertheless, and it is easily explained. The demand for the latter was fully equal to the supply, while of the former the very reverse was the case. Regular shippers, in consequence of the very unfavorable advices from the east, bought sparingly even at the decline, and owners generally of butcher cattle were reported as having lost money. We heard of quite a number of instances where cattle were sold for just about what they cost at home, losing the owner freight and commissions, to say nothing about shrinkage. The supply of Texans was fair, and it is worthy of notice that those coming forward now are in much better condition than early in the season. We are cognizant of one drove of good 1,100 Texans having brought 4,60.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra, 1,400a1,500 steers	6,25a6,50
Prime, 1,200a1,300 steers	5,50a6,00
Good 1,100a1,200 steers	4,75a5,00
Fair 1,000a1,100 steers	4,00a4,25
Common 900a1,000 steers	3,25a4,00
Bulls, Stags and Cows	2,50a3,25
Stockers, as per quality	3,50a4,50
Texas	3,50a4,50

HOGS.

The receipts from Thursday noon up until noon to-day were 40 cars, making 182 cars for the week; it is worthy of notice that there has been a very perceptible falling off in the receipts during the past few days, as compared with the early part of the week, and the result is the market was firmer to-day. There was a gradual fall in prices from Monday up until Friday; the decline was from 50 to 60 cents per cwt. during the time in question; but for the commission men, nearly all of whom telegraphed to their customers to hold back, the decline would have been still greater. To-day, however, in consequence of the very decided falling off in the arrivals and the supply on sale very considerably reduced, the market stiffened up considerably, although there was no quotable advance. Sellers expect to obtain an advance on Monday in case the arrivals in the meantime continue light; any effort to put up prices in the present condition of the market will undoubtedly curtail the demand. It is very generally expected that prices will rule higher on Monday, as by that time, hence buyers will buy no more than is absolutely necessary, and in addition, at current rates, hogs are higher relatively than the products, either green or cured.

QUOTATIONS.

Philadelphia hogs	$8 00@ 8 25
Yorkers, Cornfed	7 25@7 60
Mixed, Rough Stock	6 00@6 50

SHEEP

There was not a single arrival from Thursday noon up until noon to-day, hence, there were but very few in the yard to-day. The market for the week was exceedingly strong, if we mistake not, a slight falling off as compared with last week. However, notwithstanding the supply was comparatively light, the market was very unsatisfactory. In consequence of unfavorable reports from New York, the demand was unusually light, and prices declined from 30a25 cents per cwt. on best; fair shearlings on common and medium may have been still grouped. Ewes continue exceedingly dull, while good feeding wethers, averaging 80a85 lbs, are selling readily at 4¼a4¾c. Common, light weight, fine wool sheep are hard to sell at any price.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra, 93a100 lbs	5,12a5,25
Prime, 85a90 lbs	4,75a5,00
Good, 80a85 lbs	4,50a4,75
Fair, 75a80 lbs	2,75a4,00
Common, 70a75 lbs	3,00a3,50

Barley in Chicago.

The barley market is now a bad way. The market is heavy at once because offerings of Canada barley are large, and because those of doctored Western barley were never so large as now. The last-named fact is making buyers very suspicious, and they refuse to buy without knowing the barley offered is above reproach. This may be a bad thing for the trade just now, but it will tend to benefit it ultimately by purifying it, without the sulphur process. It will be well, however, if all concerned remember that they can always obtain good barley here if they want it, and need have no more fear of being swindled than the man who refuses to gamble has of losing at bunko.

Chicago Seed Market.

A quiet and dull feeling prevailed in this marker, but there was no particular change to note in values. Timothy ranged at $1,80a2,25 for common to prime. Clover sold sparingly at $6,40. There was considerable common flax offered, and this was slow sale, while for choice there was a fair demand. Sales were made at $1,20a1,27½ for common to good. There was some new brought in offered at $1, but there were no buyers on the market. Hungarian quotable at 50a55c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.—159 bbls apples, Voigt, M. & Co; 140 bbls do, 25 bbls flour, R. F. Weddell; 100 bbls lime, W. J. Baughman; 2 cars barley, Z. Wainwright & Co; 3 bxs m wter, S. S. Holland; 1 do tobacco, R. & W. Jenkinson; 3 do bbls b bottoms, A. Milliken; 3 do, Myers & Son; 7 bxs W. W. Waters; 2 kgs paints, Harris & E; 24 bbls molasses, Curry & M; 1 bx glass F. Pollard; 10 pails lard, Wm. H. Taylor; 3 bxs d goods, Lee S. Smith & Co; 20 bales hops, Pier, Dannells & Co; 6 bales rubber, Hartly, McK. & Co; 3 boxes, Evans, Dalzell & Co; 10 bails tobacco, T. McClurg; 6 do, J. M. Sichel & Co; 7 cases candy, F. T. Yoder; 2 do, Kramer & Co; 12 pails tobacco, H. Dalmyer; 11 kegs paint, F. T. Beymer; 2 bxs honey, 75 bbls apples, Head, C. & Co; 1 car 1 beer, L. Leisey & Co; 30 bbls onion, Bricker & Sole; 9 bxs tress, W. F. Gaylard; 7 casks, e ware, M. W. Sackett; 1 car f clay, Thos. Coffin; 312 bdls paper, Godfrey & C; 12 sacks flour, R. Goff; 24 tubs, T. Brown; 14 bxs cheese, Braden & P; 9 bbls potatoes, I. C. Haller; 10 cases matches B. C. & J. H. Sawyer; 2 bbls ware, Watt, Lang & Co; 249 sacks rags, McCullough & S; 200 oil bbls, C. A. Wormsley; 160 bbls corn, Z. Wainwright & Co; 2 pkgs & A; 9 pkgs eggs, P. Duff & Son; 20 bxs do, P. Harvy & Co; 2 bbls nuts, C. W. Hazel & Co; 20 bbls beans, 3 do eggs, Voigt, M. & Co; 8 bbls beans, Caskey & Beatty; 1 bbl eggs, F. Schields; 4 tub cheese Weisbrood & W.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.—1 bbl b ware, 1 box do, C. Reizenstein; 9 sks walnuts, R. Fox & Co; 200 bdls paper, Hostler & S; 1 horse R. Bailey; 1 box frames, C. Mather & Co; 1 car staves, F. Coulter; 1,545 pcs shoulders, F. Sellers & Co; 41 frames, E. Edmundson & Son; 25 cm kegs, Spencer Mck & Co; 6 f cutters, Smith Bro & Co; 31 cases wheat T. McHenry & H; 2 bbls beans, Means S. & Co; 6 cm barrels, J. H. Parker; 49 do, R. E. Sellers & Co; 1 box d goods, W. Parker & Co; 10 bbls oil, P. Duff & Son; 5 ½ buts tobacco, 8 cads do, J. M. Sichel & Co; 5 pails do, 1 case do. H. Dalmyer; 8 cads do, 10 bxs do, Hill, W. & Co; 10 cads tobacco, 3 ½ buts do, Herzog & B; 2 ½ do, 6 qr do, D. Yengschmidt.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.—52 cars coal, New York & Cleveland Gas Coal Co; 24 do, Armstrong, D. & Co; 19 do, Sable Coal Co; 11 do stone, Lucy F. Co; 8 do, Isabella F. Co; 7 do, Shoenberger Co; 1 do, Hon. W. J. Baughman; 10 do blooms, J. Moorhead; 1 do, Wilson & Walker; 1 do, Phillips, Nimick & Co; 2 do clay, C. H. Armstrong & Son; 2 do, Harrison & W; 1 do bark, W. Flaccus & Son; 3 do apples, Wilbert & Co; 1 do do hay J. Graham; 1 do, O. H. Allerton 1 do cider, H. H. Beck; 1 do f brick, Phillips, Nimick & Co; 3 do stone, Thos. M. King; 2 do ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 8 do cinders, Lucy F. Co; 1 do f brick, Harbison & W; 2 do iron, Keystone Bridge Co; 1 d, acid, Pittsburgh Acid Works; 1 do benzale Consolidated Gas Co; 1 do ref oil, Warden, F. & Co; 1 do ore, Zug & Co.

RECEIPTS AT PITTSBURGH ELEVATOR.—1 car wheat, Gilmore & Co; 3 do corn, 1 do oats, M. F. Herron & Co; 2 do, H. J. McCracken & Bro; 1 do rye, J. S. Finch & Co; 1 do barley, Keil & R.

Receipts of Blooms, Ore, Pig Metal and Scrap Iron.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CAICAGO

E. T. S. Wks. m... 6 | Brown & Co b..... 1
Dilworth & Co. m. 4 | J. Moorhead m.... 4
Nimick & Co m... 8
Total..... 23

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Lucy Fur. o..... 12 | Zug & Co. o..... 2
Soho Fur. o..... 5 | Singer, N. & Co. p. 2
S., B. & Co. o..... 2 | McConley & Co. p.. 1
H. Lloyd & Co. o.. 2 | Jones & L. o..... 2
Total..... 28

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

Wilson W. & Co.. 1 | Phillips N. & Co. m 1
J. Moorhead, b.... 10
Total..... 12

PENNA. R. R.

Atlas Works m... 1 | W. J. Hammond w.. 3
Total..... 4

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, October 23.—Cattle: receipts 1,300; dull and weak; shipping $3,75a6,25; others unchanged; shipments 2,600. Hogs: receipts 7,000; firm and a shade higher; range $6,25a7,75, mostly $7a7,30; shipments 7,000. Sheep: receipts 500; quiet and weak; poor to choice $3,75a5,60.

CINCINNATI, October 23.—Hogs firm; common light $6,50a6,75, good light and packers $6,80a7.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, October 23.—Business was light with commission houses, and the jobbing trade was quiet. Prints are unsettled, and some large transactions occurred at low figures. Union prints are reduced to duced to 14c, and Warren A. A. to 13½c. Woollen goods are quiet in first hands. Dress goods are in steady demand and light supply.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 23, 1875.

FLOUR—Dull.

GRAIN—Wheat active for cash and high; No. 2 Chicago spring $1,12 spot; $1,10¾ seller October; $1,07½ seller November; $1,07¼ seller December; No. 3 96½c; rejected 84½c. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed 51¾a52c spot; 51½c seller October; 50¾c bid seller November; rejected 50¼c. Oats steady; No. 2 33¼a33½c spot; 31¾a32c seller November. Barley firm and unchanged. Rye steady at 70c, cash; 72c seller November. Hay, light supply and no sales; prime is quoted at $22a24; choice $20. Pork: no demand; mess quoted nominally at $24. Dry salt meats: demand limited; shoulders quoted at 9¼a9½c. Bacon in good supply; quoted nominally at 9¾a10a13¾a14½c. Hams: sugar cured, quoted at 16½a17c; inferior 14a15c. Lard in good local demand; tierce 14½a14¾c; keg 15a15½c. Coffee dull and lower; ordinary to prime 18a21c. Whisky: rectified dull at $1,14a1,20.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, October 23. — Clover seed dull at $1,09@1,10. Petroleum: refined 13¾c; crude 10¾c. Flour in better request; Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota $5,25a7 for high grades $7,75a8,75. Wheat steady; amber $1,10a1,20. Rye 75a85c. Corn dull; yellow 70c; mixed 68½a69½c. Oats slow; mixed 38a39c; white 43a48c. Pork dull at $22,75a23,00. Lard dull at 14a14½c. Whisky $1,17. Butter firm; New York and Bradford county extras 34c; firsts 30a32c; western extra 28a30c; firsts 25a27. Cheese firm; fine western 12¾a13c. Eggs steady; western fresh 27a28c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, October 23.—Flour dull. Wheat dull; No. 1 white Michigan $1,26; extra do $1,27; amber spot and seller October $1,22; seller November $1,23. Corn dull and prices have declined; high mixed spot 58c; seller November 57½c; new do 48c the year; mixed 57½c asked; 57c bid; no grade 57c. Oats dull; No. 2 spot and seller October 36½c; seller November 37c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, October 23.—Cotton dull at 13¾c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; No. 2 red winter $1,25a1,30. Corn dull at 30a43c. Rye firm at 78c. Barley dull and nominal. Pork dull at $21,25. Lard steady; steam 13¾c; kettle 13¾a14c. Bulk meats dull at 8½; 12¾a13½c. Whisky firm; $1,13.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., October 23.—Wheat steady; new No. 2 red nominal; No. 2 do $1,20; rejected 85c; old nominal. Corn firm; high mixed 66c; low mixed 65c; ear on track 62c. Oats firm; new No. 1 State 42c; No. 2 do. 40c; rejected 38c. Petroleum firmer; standard white 7½ for car lots, Ohio test, 150 degrees, 11¼c; 11¼a12½c above these figures for small lots.

Foreign.

ANTWERP, October 23.—Refined petroleum 27¾f.

LIVERPOOL, October 23.—Cotton dull and easier; middling upland 7 5-16d; sales 8,000, including 1,000 speculation and export; 4,000 American. Corn and wheat unchanged. Refined petroleum 10d10¾d; spirits 9¾d.

Boston.

BOSTON, October 23.—Flour firm; western superfine $5a5,25; common extra $5,50a6; winter wheat Ohio, Indiana, and Michigan $6,50a6,75; Illinois $6,75a7; St. Louis $7a9; fancy Minnesota $8,50a9,50. Corn better demand; mixed and white 48a53c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, October 23.—Cotton quiet, 11¼a12c. Flour quiet; $5,00a7,00. Wheat quiet; $1,00a1,35. Corn 45a48c. Oats 45a60c. Lard 14¾c. Bulk meats firm; sides 14a14½c. Bacon quiet; 19¾, 13a13½c sugar cured hams 15½c, all packed. Whisky steady and in moderate demand; $1,18.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, October 23.—Flour firm. Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,14¾; No. 2 $1,10¾. Corn unsettled; No. 2 54¾c. Oats firm at 35c. Barley; No. 2 spring seller October $1,08; seller December $1,03. Rye quiet and firm; No. 1 61c.

Buffalo.

BUFFALO, October 23. — Wheat quiet; sales of 1,300 bush; No. 1 Milwaukee Club $1,08, city. Corn quiet and lower; sales of 10,000 bush in lots at 62¾a63c. Oats nominal at 40c for No. 2 Ohio. Barley dull. Freights nominal; asking 10c for wheat.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, October 23.—Cotton dull at 13¾c. Flour and Grain quiet and unchanged. Provisions entirely nominal, nothing doing and unchanged. Whisky steady at $1,13.

Detroit.

DETROIT, October 23.—Flour firm; $6,25a6,50. Wheat dull; extra $1,34½; No. 1 white Michigan $1,25½; amber $1,20¼. Corn quiet and firm; No. 2 66a68c. Oats dull at 41a41½c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, October 23.—Cotton dull at 12¾a12¾c. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firm. Corn dull at 75c. Lard and bacon dull and nominal.

Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, October 23.—Spirits of Turpentine firm at 37½c. Rosin firm at $1,55 for strained. Tar steady at $1,40.

Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 23.—Flour dull and wheat unchanged. Corn: ear 50c; shelled dull at 52a56c. Oats firm and unchanged.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, October 23.—Wheat dull; No. 1 white Michigan old 47 1-2c. Corn steady at 72c. Barley quiet; No. 2 Bay Quinte $1,16.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, October 23.—Cotton dull at 14 3-16a14 9-16c; futures closed barely steady at October 14 3-16a14 7-32c; November 13¾a13 13-32c; December 13 7-32a13¾c; January 13 9-32a13 5-16c; February 13 3-32a13 7-16c; March 13 9-19a13¾c; April 13 20-32a13 13-16c; May 13 31-32a14c.

NEW ORLEANS, October 23.—Cotton: demand slack in the morning, but more active subsequently; sales 4,200 bales; prices irregular and easier; good ordinary to strict low middling 12¾a12¾c; middling to strict middling 12¾a13¼c; good middling to middling fair 13⅝a14⅛c; receipts net 1,586 bales; gross 3,086 bales; exports continent 8,011 bales, coastwise 2,588 bales; stock 85,636 bales.

MOBILE, October 23.—Cotton irregular; middlings 12¾c; net receipts 2,639 bales; exports coastwise 1,155 bales; sales 1,200 bales.

SAVANNAH, October 23.—Cotton dull; middlings 12¾c; net receipts 5,350 bales; sales 1,872 bales.

CHARLESTON, October 23.—Cotton easy; middlings 13¼c; low middlings 12¾c; good ordinary 12¾c; net receipts 4,675 bales; sales 1,500 bales.

GALVESTON, October 23.—Cotton steady; middlings 12¾c; net receipts 2,481 bales; exports coastwise

HOME NEWS.

Iron City College.

Day and Evening classes in Book keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, at the Iron City College, corner Penn avenue and Sixth street. Students admitted at any time.

Defeated by the Mutuals.

The third and last of the series of games between the Mutuals, of Meadville, and the Xanthas, of Allegheny, was played on Saturday afternoon at New Castle, and won by the former, making them the winners of two games out of three. At the end of the eighth inning the score stood 7 to 7. The score by innings is as follows:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Xanthas	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	4	0—7
Mutuals	0	2	3	0	0	0	1	1	5	1—12

Runaway and Smash-up on Fifth Avenue.

Last evening, about 7 o'clock, a horse attached to a buggy ran off, on Fifth avenue, between Pride and Magee streets; the buggy ran against another one that was going in the same direction, smashing the first buggy and badly damaging the other one. The occupant of the runaway buggy, named Roberts, was thrown out upon the street and badly injured. He was carried into the office of a physician and, after his injuries were attended to, he was removed to his home.

The Death of Mrs. Dr. McNeal.

A dispatch received last evening from Memphis, through the Associated Press, mentions that a Pittsburgh paper "commenting on the death of Mrs. McNeal, formerly of that city, who died here some ten days ago, attributes her death and the illness of Dr. McNeal to yellow fever, and says: Capt. N. J. Bigley, her father, his wife and another daughter came to see them, and Mrs. Bigley and her daughter were both attacked with yellow fever. The *Ledger* commenting on this says, on the authority of Drs. Rice and Mitchell, the former health officers of the city, who attended Dr. McNeal and his wife in their illness, that she died of convulsions, and neither of them had anything akin to yellow fever."

Political Notes.

A Republican meeting takes place in Diamond Square, Allegheny, this evening, to be addressed by Hon. Edward McPherson, Hon. Lorenzo Danford and Governor Hartranft. The Governor will arrive in the city this morning and be received by the Young Men's Republican Club of Allegheny. After his address this evening he will hold a reception in the Exposition building.

A grand torchlight procession will also take place in Allegheny this evening, the particulars of which will be found in another column.

A movement is on foot to organize a veteran club, composed of old soldiers, for service on the evening preceding the election. It is to be similar in its organization and work to the famous Veteran Club of Philadelphia.

Probable Fratricide at Uniontown.

James Wyatt, clerk at the Eagle hotel, in Uniontown, got into an altercation with his brother, Wm. Wyatt, on Friday evening last and shot him in the head, the ball entering the left eye and passing into the brain. He was at once arrested and gave bail. The injuries inflicted upon Mr. Wyatt are thought to be fatal. He is about forty-two years of age and has been a hotel keeper and liquor dealer all his life. He is peaceable enough, except when his temper is aroused, and then his senses seemed to leave him. James Wyatt is about thirty years of age and, like his brother, is hot headed and fiery and of a gruff, surly disposition. The cause of the dispute which had such an awful termination is unknown. The affair has caused the greatest excitement in Uniontown.

This Tapped.

On Saturday evening, about seven o'clock, a young man entered Campbell's saloon, at the corner of Federal street and Montgomery avenue, Allegheny, through a side window, while the bar-tender was at the door looking at a torchlight club passing, and stole about $8 out of the money drawer. As he was turning to get out the bar-tender detected him and chased him to the back yard, where the thief knocked him down and escaped.

During the same evening a young man snatched up the money drawer of one of the little peanut stands on Federal street, near the Exposition, and made off with it. It contained five twenty-five cent pieces and five ten cent pieces. While running he dropped all the twenty-five cent pieces and had nothing but the five ten cent pieces left for his trouble. He escaped.

Pickpockets at the Exposition.

On Saturday afternoon about two o'clock Mr. Walter L. Graham, District Attorney of Butler county, had his pocket picked of a gold watch, valued at $200, while in the Art Gallery of the Exposition. He soon discovered his loss and notified the police. About the same time a man stepped up to officer Brinker and said to him that he would divide with him if he would let him pick a few pockets. The officer was not the kind of a man that the pickpocket thought and an arrest was made and back him to the Allegheny lock-up, where he gave his name as Wm. Bartley. It was thought that he was the party who had robbed Mr. Graham, but on searching him nothing could be found, showing that such was the fact. He will have a hearing to-day on the charge of being a professional thief. Mr. Graham could not identify him as being the party who stole his watch, and he therefore made an information before the Mayor against parties unknown.

DEATH FROM LAUDANUM.

Sudden Death of a Young Lady in the Thirty-first Ward.

Information was yesterday received at the Coroner's office that a young lady, Miss Louisa Chettle, daughter of Dr. Chettle, had died suddenly during yesterday morning, under peculiar circumstances. An inquest was held yesterday, at which the facts developed were as follows: Miss Chettle had been afflicted for some time with cramps in the stomach, and to relieve the pain had been in the habit of using a mixture of whisky and laudanum. Yesterday evening she was suffering more than usual, and in her efforts to obtain relief, took an overdose of laudanum, which put her into a sleep from which she never awoke. The deceased resided with her father on Elm street, Thirty-first ward, known as Allentown.

THE POLICE TAKE A HAND.

A Saturday Night Rake by the Jack o' Clubs.

Another gambling house was pulled by the police on Saturday night. It proved to be the same establishment recently operated by Richard Splane, at No. 60 Market street, which was supposed to have been wiped out by the police a few weeks ago, and for the running of which Splane is now under bail to answer at Court. The descent was made by a detachment of officers under the command of Lieutenants Tyre, Hager and Cochran. The front and rear doors of the establishment were attacked simultaneously. The assault was unexpected by the men engaged in friendly intercourse with the "tiger," had neither time to get away themselves nor put their paraphernalia out of sight. Eight men were arrested, all of whom had a hearing before the Mayor yesterday morning. Cornelius Ducket, the dealer who raked in the ducats and who, according to the evidence, was the leading man of the company, was sentenced to jail for sixty days in default of the payment of a fine of $100 and costs. Mike Jarrett, Ed. Rice, Robert Hamperton, Thomas Henry and George Kelly each paid five dollars and costs. Robert McDonald and L. Graham not being able to do likewise, probably because of ill luck in the game, were sent to jail for ten days.

A. D. Baxter, J. D. Vierheller and Theodore Hapenny, against whom informations have also been made for maintaining gambling houses at Nos. 48 and 81 Diamond street, gave $2,000 bail each on Saturday for a hearing on Wednesday.

SABBATH JUSTICE.

Disposition of Enforced Attendants Upon the Mayor.

The Saturday night alacrity and vigilance of the Mayor's active blue coats were evidenced by the unusually large number of unfortunates arraigned before His Honor yesterday morning. The list of entries upon the docket was sixty-three, a fact which brings to memory the palmy days of the administration of Mayor Blackmore, when the only qualification of an officer, and that he was required to possess in an eminent degree, was the ability to lasso all the drunken or semi-intoxicated men he could, and his eyesight was good.

The inmates of an alleged house of ill repute on Old avenue, which was pulled on Saturday night, were brought before the Mayor in the order in which their names had been entered. The delegation comprised five men and three women. All were discharged except George Johnson and J. W. Smith, who were fined five dollars and costs each. John Rice was gobbled up on Market street, while committing an inhuman assault upon an unoffending man. The latter was intoxicated and Rice knocked him down and he had kicked about the head in a terrible manner. Upon learning the facts of the case the Mayor gave Rice the privilege of paying ten dollars and costs, going for twenty days. He was obliged, because of the existing financial stringency, to accept the proffer of Workhouse hospitality, and the Democracy can weep over the loss of one vote. His celebrated Annie Dawson, better known as "Reddy," was detailed to keep Rice company. She, however, was ticketed for two months. Thomas and Mary Smith—similar in name but not in relation—were arrested in the metal yard at the corner of Grant street and Seventh avenue. They, together with Mary Mooney, S. D. Depew, E. A. Burke and John Mackey, were sent to snuff the fresh breezes of the mountain on the hill for ten days. Wm. Purnell, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, got thirty days in the Workhouse and James Jackson ninety days in the same institution for being a suspicious character. The remaining cases were leniently disposed of.

The New York Water Crackers

Are the best water crackers in the market Ask your grocer for them.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Republican Gathering at Lafayette Hall—Addresses of Hon. Edward Mc. Pherson and Hon. Lorenzo Danford.

One of the largest Republican mass meetings of the campaign was held on Saturday night in Lafayette Hall, at the corner of Wood street and Fourth avenue. The hall was well filled, and the very best of order was maintained. An organization was effected by the election of the following officers:

PRESIDENT.

R. B. Carnahan.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

Robert Woods,	James. Veech,
Hon. Robt McKnight	Hon. Moses Hampton
B. B. Cousin,	Wm. Harrison,
Hon. M. Humphreys,	Col. Wm. Ewing,
Hon. T. M. Marshal.	Alex. McJunken,
Samuel Harper,	A. H. Burns,
S. A. McClurg,	John Brown,
J. T. Diffenbacher,	Arthur L. Thomas,
James P. Fleming,	Capt. E. D. Humes,
Geo. W. Smith,	Dr. James King,
Wm. Johnston,	Jacob Loffel,
Dr. Alfred Dickson,	S. S. Briggs,
Dr. W. S. Huselton,	Richard Perry,
Geo. W. Dilworth,	Max. K. Moorhead,
Witherow Douglas,	H. Kleber,
Jas. A. Chambers,	Joseph Thorn,
Dr. F. Hardtner,	James M. Ralph,
Wm. Hespenheide,	G. W. Hellman,
Jos. M. Gazzam,	John H. McMasters,
Jos. H. Denniston,	M. G. Clarke,
R. H. Negley,	Jacob Covode,
Paul Carson.	Wm. Thorn,
N. G. Ayres,	R. S. P. McCall,
Chas. H. Clarke,	Chas. U. Splane,
John H. Muller,	Dr. W. Fundenburg,
Ed. House,	

SECRETARIES.

Reporters of the Press.

ADDRESS OF MR. M'PHERSON

Upon the completion of the organization of the meeting the chairman introduced as the first speaker Hon. Edward McPherson, Clerk of the U. S. House of Representatives.

At the conclusion of the orator's introductory remarks he began to discuss the economical feature of the administration of the Republican party, and said that for the past ten years it has managed the affairs of the State of Pennsylvania with the same regard for economy and honesty that has distinguished the National administration. During the Presidency of James Buchanan it cost the people of America $1.95 per head to run the administration. In 1871, as statistics show, it cost them $1.78 to run the administration of 17 cents per head, and this in view of the fact that the country's wealth had vastly increased; that emigration had brought tens of thousands of people to the land and enlarged and strengthened her industries in every branch. The tendency of the Republican administration was to reduce this debt, as statistics show. Of the National debt $200,000,000 is chargeable to the war, which was brought on by a Democratic administration. The people are now paying $5,000,000 a day as a penalty for having ever trusted the Democrats. The tendency of the Republicans in State or National rule is all in the direction of contraction, not in currency, but in their expenditures.

PERSHING AND HARTRANFT CONTRASTED.

In speaking of the record of Mr. Pershing, the Democratic candidate for Governor, Mr. McPherson stated that at the commencement of the war, when a law was drafted providing for the arrest by the police of all colored men found on the streets, except those who were in the army or navy service, Pershing voted for the act and against the amendment. Throughout the war his sympathies were for slavery. Hartranft was a soldier; enlisted at the beginning of the war and served till its close. When his enemies met at Erie to nominate a candidate against him, they were unable to say why he shouldn't be re-elected. They took up a man who was afraid to come before the people of his State and avow his principles. In the case of Hartranft there was no risk, for the people's safety. Mr. Pershing, then, and on the second Tuesday in February, if the people do their duty, he will be re-elected by 30,000 of a majority. The gentleman's speech was closely listened to, and frequently applauded.

PENNSYLVANIA'S RAG BABY.

Hon. Lorenzo Danford, member of Congress from the Ohio district which Bingham, now Minister to Japan, formerly represented, was next introduced, and opened his speech by referring to Pennsylvania's little "rag baby." He stated that it was chiefly upon its account that he was in Pittsburgh, and that he was not to exceed six cents, payable semi-annually, free from all taxation, and reimbursable at a period not exceeding twenty years from date.

Trial List for To-day.

Ingard vs. Evans.
Hatch & Speer vs. Brown.
Grayson et al. vs. Humphris & Co.
McCallum vs. Wachler.
Matthews vs. Pollock et al.
McCoy vs. Jennings.
Hoseck vs. Brinker et al.
Blakely & Bigham vs. American Bank.
Kirke for use vs. Reed.
McVay & Co. vs. Cansfield.
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Dickson Prest vs. National Trust Company (2.)
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Orphans' Court.

(Before Judge Hawkins.)

NEITHER CHANGE NOR CONTRACTION.

Since 1868, said Mr. Danford, Congress has passed no law for the purpose of either changing or contracting our volume of currency. And the currency has not been contracted to the extent of one dollar. It is a fact that no Democrat can deny, that from 1866 till 1873 we were more prosperous than we have been during any five years of our previous history. There is no need of more currency in the country whatever. When the panic came there was between sixty and seventy million dollars more than there was in 1860.

The Democrats say that our banking system is a monopoly. It is in this that the aggregate volume of currency is fixed within a certain limit. National banking is as free to-day as under banking laws of the free bank law of Ohio. If at any time there is great need of America having more currency, it could be had by establishing National banks, and without violating the Constitution. The Democrats would have legal tender which remits to Congress the volume of our currency to expand or contract at their will. Any member of Congress can have the power to say whether the currency shall be large or small. Would this be wise? Any one who knows anything about it will say no. There can be no faith in a legislation that will hurry to a specie policy that will shock the country. Trade and business will properly regulate our currency, and they are he only instruments that will.

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In handling the tariff question the speaker stated that in Congress last winter every Democratic member of Pennsylvania voted against a restoration of the ten per cent. tariff. In the face of this record they allege themselves friends of a protective tariff. Mr. Danford discussed a number of other important issues, concerning all of which he manifested a thorough knowledge. His speech was entertaining and instructive, and the ovation bestowed upon him by the large audience showed how much the people are interested in what he talked of. The speaking being over at half-past ten o'clock, the meeting adjourned.

DIED IN THE STATION HOUSE.

An Unknown Man Picked up in a Dying Condition—His Death and Recognition.

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Steamship Arrivals Saturday.

Dispatches received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer Rhein, at New York, Russia, at Queenstown; Pecland, at New York.

Young Men, spend your evenings in a profitable manner by attending the night class of Duff's College.

THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Report of the Proceedings in the Courts Saturday.

United States District Court.

(Before Judge McCandless.)

The case of George Connor, indicted for passing counterfeit money, was continued until the February term.

United States vs. John Hughes, indicted for violation of internal revenue laws. Defendant pleaded guilty, and sentence was suspended.

United States vs. Albert Ratsky and Augustus Legab, indicted for manufacturing counterfeit money. Trial commenced and is still in progress.

James W. Birmingham, bankrupt, Pittsburgh. The creditors having chosen Thos. J. McEnuity, of this city, as assignee, the same was approved.

Samuel B. Byers, of Millerstown, Butler county, filed a petition for adjudication in bankruptcy of himself, and the same was referred to Register Shaffer.

Diana Pratt, bankrupt, Allegheny. The appointment of Edward Hagan, of Pittsburgh, as assignee was, apointed.

Joseph Sproal, bankrupt, Butler county. Assignee's report of the sale of certain real estate confirmed *nisi*.

George W. Dickey, bankrupt, Erie county. An order was made substituting executors of John Walker, deceased, as creditors, and a rule was granted on the assignee to show cause why the balance of the fund in registry of the Court should not be applied to the payment of the claims of Wm. M. Caughey, Warner Bros., and executors of John Walker.

Henry Gosline and Max Wachtel, bankrupts, of Venango county, were discharged from all their debts.

A. & J. A. Hickey, bankrupts, of Allegheny City. An order was made restraining Wm. Dilworth, collector, from interfering with property of bankrupts.

Jos. G. Pollock, bankrupt, of Pittsburgh. An order was made for a composition meeting on the 11th prox.

Criminal Court.

(Before Judge White.)

M. H. Lee, the fraudulent railroad agent, who was convicted during the week, was sentenced to the Work House for six months.

James Lyons, convicted of entering a building with intent to commit a felony, was sentenced five months to the Work House.

Chas. Kizl, convicted of stirring up an affray, was sentenced to the Work House one month, and Michael Garrety, for a similar charge, five months.

John Parker, for assault and battery, was sentenced to pay a fine of six cents and costs.

John Abbey, Jr., for larceny, was sentenced ten days to the Work House, and on another charge of larceny twenty days, making thirty days in all.

Trial List for To-day.

Commonwealth vs.

Jacob M'Marlin,	James Harrison,
James Johnston,	Wm. Kennedy,
S. R. M'Clean,	Ann Harrigan,
Agnes Lewis,	Henry Krusil,
Mary M'Nally,	P. W. Harron,
James O'Rourke,	John Paper et al.,
John Welbel et al.,	Pat. Devilin,
Rose Cecil,	Thomas Patterson,
J. Rielly,	Philip Paul et al.,
Martin Frendenrich,	Elizabeth Schmitt,
Charles A. Schmetz,	F. E. Goedell,
Andrew Young,	David Reese,

Common Pleas Court No. 1.

(Before Judges Stowe and Collier.)

Geo. C. Wilson, Esq., was appointed examiner to take testimony on the part of libellant in the divorce proceeding of William Duff vs. Sarah Duff.

On petition of John B. Lauffer for a commission to try the lunacy of Samuel B. Lauffer, C. C. Dickey, Esq., was appointed. Wm. Byrnes, Esq., was appointed to inquire into the lunacy of Domenec Carey

In the equity proceedings of Laura Allen *et al.* vs. Jacob Allen a partition was ordered to be made, and Messrs. C. C. Taylor, J. M. McRoberts and James Cole were appointed master and commissioners to make it.

James H. Moffett was appointed committee of the person and estate of Eliza Applegate a lunatic.

The borough of Beltzhoover was authorized to issue bonds, for the purpose of buying ground, &c., for the erection of a public school building, the amount not to exceed $5,000, and the rate not to exceed six per cent, payable semi-annually, free from all taxation, and reimbursable at a period not exceeding twenty years from date.

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THE EXPOSITION.

The Attendance on Saturday—An Overflowing House—The Excursionists and the Children.

The second "Children's Day" at the Exposition was even a greater success in point of attendance than the first. The children turned out in legions, and the larger folks followed their example. It was estimated that there were from eight to ten thousand children present in the afternoon, and the proportion of "big folks" was almost as large. The

BUTLER EXCURSIONISTS

came to hand on time—about half past ten o'clock. There were over three hundred and fifty persons in the party, and they occupied eight cars coming down. They were met at the depot by the Great Western Band and escorted to the building—that is, those who wished to join in the "procesh." The majority, however, preferred going in a less conspicuous way, and so lagged behind and let the bassoon blowers go on ahead.

BEAVER'S DELEGATION

was represented by a company of about ninety young ladies, with their teachers, from the Beaver College. President Taylor led these cohorts, and they were divided into eight parties, each being under command of a teacher. They generally voted the Exposition "real nice."

The Butler street M. E. Sunday School, numbering about six hundred, turned out in full force, and bore down on the Exposition early in the morning. The little folks were delighted with the sights. An interesting feature of their visit was the concert they gave in front of the music stand of S. Hamilton & Co., where they sang several Sunday School songs.

TO WHOM TO APPLY.

The Executive Committee have made the following ruling, as to who are the proper persons to furnish information and give authority in various departments:

Columbus Coleman—Clerks, police, central door keepers and ticket agents.

Thomas Mitchell—All doors except central one, and all parts of building.

Mr. Vannote—Art Gallery.

Col. R. Monroe—Power Hall.

THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT.

The Exposition Committee intend to have on exhibition this week, the original scroll of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence.

JUDGES.

Competition judges for the different departments of the Exposition were being chosen on Saturday. The rule is that the Executive Committee appoint one judge for each department and the exhibitors in each department for either selection is not satisfactory to the other, then the two appointed select a third person to be the sole judge. The Executive Committee have already appointed their judges, but they will not be announced until all have accepted.

ART.

A box of pictures was received on Saturday from Cincinnati, and they will be hung to-day. The collection includes some of Hamilton's finest pictures in oil, and specimens of drawings by pupils of the High and ward schools have been received, and will be hung in the Art Galleries.

GUBERNATORIAL RECEPTON.

Gov. Hartranft will hold a public levee this evening between the hours of eight and eleven o'clock. This reception is to be in no wise political in its character. An invitation will also be extended to Gov. Allen, of Ohio, who is in the city to share the honors of the occasion.

PRESS EXPOSITION COMMITTEES.

The Chairman of the Press Committee has made the following appointments for Press Headquarters at the Exposition building during the present week:—Monday—Messrs. Murdoch, Reed and Miller; Tuesday—Messrs. Davis, Mendell and Ratcliffe; Wednesday—Messrs. Dallas, Ramsey and Spence; Thursday—Messrs. Cave, Bergstresser and Gilleland; Friday—Messrs. Neeb, Will and Thoma; Saturday—Messrs. Keating, Weeks, Smythe and Higgins.

NOTES.

The annual meeting af the Bankers Association will be held this evening at Press Headquarters, just previous to the Governor's reception.

The managers of the Exposition, it is understood, propose to pay all expenses, including a trip to the Eastern cities, of any couple who will submit their invitation to be married in the Exposition building some day next week. The claims of those first making the application will be first considered.

BREVITIES.

····Councils meet this afternoon.

····The manufacturers and puddlers hold another conference to-morrow.

····Mayor Phillips has ordered the strict enforcement of the ordinance prohibiting the blockading of streets with vehicles.

····A man lost his pocket book containing $140 on South avenue, Allegheny, while going to the Exposition on Saturday evening.

····"My son, put away that ball. Do you know where the wicked boys go who play ball on Sunday?" "Yes'em; they go down to the Exposition."

····There is a difference of a minute and a quarter in the striking of the time on the alarm bells in Pittburgh and Allegheny. The clocks need looking after.

····Catharine Mears, the insane woman who was sent to Claremont, has been sent to Dixmont Hospital, and the cost of the keeping ordered to be charged to Venango county.

····The single scull race between Felsinger, of Wheeling, and Peel, of Steubenville, announced to come off at the latter place on Saturday afternoon, has been postponed for one week.

····Alex. Sample, driver of the Independent Line Express, has been relieved from a basket in an alley leading to his residence, on Saturday morning. A woman was found to adopt it.

····Alf. Hopkins, of the Clipper club, and Mr. Story, of Lawrenceville, will row a single scull race for the Allegheny cup, on Wednesday afternoon, from the Ewalt street bridge to the Sharpsburg bridge and return.

····The foot race between James Wheat, of this city, and James Mostyn, of Paterson, N. J., takes place at Friendship Park this afternoon. The distance is one hundred and twenty-five yards, and the stakes $1,000. Messler has already been beaten by Wheat.

····The new Boston juvenile magazine, *Wide Awake*, for November, is packed full with nice pictures and stories and poems—just such entertaining contents that boys and girls delight in. The number opens with a poem, "The Sad Story of a Little Girl," by Mrs. S. M. B. Piatt, the most eminent of our American female poets. A noticeable paper is one by T. A. Chency, "An Afternoon with an Indian Princess," embodying a visit with the Iroquois chief, "Gov. Blacksnake," who was living at the time in one of the Indian reservations in New York. It is full of interesting reminiscences, and finely illustrated. The serials, especially the "Cooking Club," are excellent, and healthful in tone, which may be said of the entire magazine. D. Lothrop & Co., Boston, are the publishers.

PERSONAL.

···Matt Carpenter passed through the city yesterday, *en route* East.

Mr. D. C. Herbst, the courteous and intelligent gentleman in charge of the stand where Elaine is exhibited, makes the display much more interesting by his polite attentions and ready information given to the throngs constantly surrounding this brilliant and attractive spot.

···Gov. Wm. Allen, of Ohio, arrived in the city last evening, and is quartered at the Monongahela House. He is accompanied by John S. Thompson, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Ohio, and Charles Sargent. Gov. Allen speaks on the South Side to-night, and after his labors in this city are done, he will speak in several other places in the State.

···We notice from our New York exchanges that Mr. C. H. Onions and family sailed for Europe on Thursday last. In common with the many friends of this gentleman, we are pleased to learn that he visits England on important private business, and will return immediately. Men of the business qualities and integrity of Mr. Onions we can ill afford to spare.

CRIME IN THE CITY.

Brief Mention of Minor Offenses and Petty Criminalities.

A HORSE thief obtained possession of a horse in Sewickley on Friday afternoon by calling at the house and informing the owner's wife that he was well acquainted with her husband and borrowing the nag. He has forgotten to return it yet.

JAMES GOODRICH was arrested on Saturday afternoon by officer Wagner for attempting to pick the pocket of Frank Stone, in Boucher's tea store, opposite City Hall. It is stated that his home is in Manchester, and that he belongs to the Downer base ball club. In default of $500 bail he was committed to jail for trial.

JAMES OYLER, Martin Hughes, Frank Flynn, Con. Sexton, Jno. Joyce and Alex. Martin, were arrested on Saturday night by officers Chalfant and Keeper for persistent loafing at the corner of Webster and High streets. They were brought before the Mayor yesterday morning, but only one of the parties who had complained against them appearing, and he being unable to recite any specific illegal act, they were discharged for want of evidence.

Art vs. Nature.

A mooted question has been whether the colors of Nature are more beautiful than those of art, which question can be set at rest at once and forever, by inspecting the new shades of Zepher at J. D. Carlisle's, No. 37 Fifth avenue, at the low price of 25 cents per ounce. Ladies should examine Carlisle's bulletin of cheap prices, as published elsewhere, in which they will find Black or White Germantown Yarn at 10 cents per oz. Ladies' Fleece Hose for 17 cents, Beauty Corsets at 60 cents, Fancy Hosiery, Worsted and Silk Fringes, Braids, Braid Gimps, Knit Woolens, Laces, Notions and all the needs of ladies furnishing house at the same remarkably low prices.

The "Wine of Life" can only be kept free from adulteration or impoverishment by perpetuating through digestion and a regular action of the kidneys and bowels. A morbid habit of body tends to derange digestion, divert the bile from its proper channels into the circulation, and thus render it both watery and impure. Deficient action of the kidneys also causes blood poisoning. Regulate, strengthen and depurate with Udolpho Wolf's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.

HOMICIDE.

A Young Man Shot and Killed in Sharpsburg Saturday Night.

The town of Sharpsburg was much excited yesterday over a possible murder that took place in that village Saturday night, or rather Sunday morning.

About two o'clock A. M. yesterday, as patrolman John Christophel was about to turn out the gas in the street lamp at the depot, he discovered lying near it, at the side of the building, what he at first supposed was a man in a drunken stupor. Going up to the body he turned it over and was surprised to find that instead of being drunk the man was dead. There was a wound in the left side, and blood had been flowing from it and the man's mouth. Christophel immediately gave the alarm and procuring help had the body conveyed to Holtzheimer's undertaking establishment where the remains were identified as those of Harry Crouse, a young man about twenty years of age. A physician being called made an examination of the wound, pronounced it to have been made by a bullet, which entered at the left side, considerably back, and passed through the left lung. The man could not possibly have lived over five minutes after receiving the wound.

No further action was taken until daylight, when a search for the murderer was found that Crouse had been shot at or near a small building at the side of the railroad, occupied by a man named Victor, or Glass, as a grocery, the trail of blood reaching from the spot where Crouse was found, a distance of fifty yards or less. Victor, on being questioned, denied all knowledge of the shooting, but the evidence of a neighbor who heard Victor open his door, shoot and then go back into the house, led Detective Joseph McGinn to arrest Victor and take him before 'Squire Kell. Before the justice Victor put on a bold face, still denying any knowledge of the affair. Strangely, however, he gave the name of Glass to the justice when he had been known as Victor, and received all his goods under the latter name.

Victor's persistent denial of the charge, caused other inquiries to be instituted, and as a result of them, a young man named O'Neil was arrested on suspicion. O'Neil and young Crouse had been seen standing in front of the Union House, about twelve o'clock Saturday night, engaged in a quarrel, and it was thought possible that this quarrel had terminated in a duel during which Crouse was shot. O'Neil contended that such was not the case, that he had left Crouse on the corner and immediately crossed the bridge to his home in Lawrenceville, and was in the latter place at half-past two.

Later in the day Victor admitted that he had shot at some one who was trying to effect an entrance into his store, but he could not say that he had shot any one; in fact was laboring under the impression that he had missed. Search was made, and a wagon hammer was found in Robinson's coal yard near a back door of Victor's grocery store, and marks upon the shutters where the hammer had been inserted in the attempt to pry them open. From this the conclusion was drawn that Crouse was endeavoring to enter the store for the purpose of burglary, and thus lost his life. The fact, however, that he had never been even suspected of committing theft or anything dishonest, and Victor's denial of the shooting at first decided the Justice to hold both Victor and O'Neil to await the result of the inquest, which will be held to-morrow evening at the Coroner's office, in the Court House.

Young Crouse was the son of John Crouse, of Sharpsburg. Mr. Crouse is a music teacher by profession and an organist in one of the churches; he and his family are held in the highest esteem in the community, and the news of the sorrow that was come upon them caused the most intense excitement in the village. Harry Crouse was what is termed very wild, but he was never thought to be vicious.

Coroner McCandless was notified yesterday of the event, and deputized Alderman Larkin to attend to the matter. 'Squire Larkin went to Sharpsburg, but did nothing beyond summoning a jury and witnesses to be present to-morrow evening at the place mentioned. A post mortem examination of the body will be made in the meantime, although it is against the wish of Mr. Crouse and his family that such be done.

There is still much mystery involving the affair, and a full investigation is needed to clear it up.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

The Furbish Fifth Avenue Company, which presented the two Orphans" at the Opera House last week to crowded houses, remain one week longer, and appear to-night in the same play to-night and every evening. Those intending to witness the performance this week should secure seats in advance as the demand is still very great.

Library Hall—Theodore Thomas.

A visit from Theodore Thomas and his matchless orchestra has become one of the most pleasant events in the art life of the city, and the announcement that he will give two concerts at Library Hall, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of this week, is hailed with unbounded delight. The programme for the